THE CONVENTION ON WETLANDS 59th Meeting of the Standing Committee Gland, Switzerland, 21 – 25, June 2021

SC59 Doc. 21.2

## **Report of the Secretariat on the Ramsar Regional Initiatives**

## **Actions requested:**

The Standing Committee is invited to:

- i. take note of the annual reports submitted by the Ramsar Regional Initiatives for 2020 in accordance with Resolution XIII.9 on Ramsar Regional Initiatives 2019-2021;
- ii. allocate funds from 2021 Ramsar core budget line D "Support Regional Initiatives" (Resolution XIII.2) to provide start-up funding to newly established Initiatives for their activities in 2021, as follows:
  - CHF 25,000 to the Ramsar Regional Initiative for the Senegal River Basin;
  - CHF 25,000 to the Ramsar Regional Initiative for the Amazon River Basin;
  - CHF 25,000 to the Ramsar Regional Initiative for Central Asia, and
  - CHF 25,000 to the Indo-Burma Ramsar Regional Initiative;
- iii. instruct the Secretariat to finalize contractual funding agreements with designated Ramsar Regional Initiatives, to allow smooth progress in the implementation of their 2021 work plans;
- iv. review and approve the proposed new format for the report of Ramsar Regional Initiatives, contained in Annex 2 of document SC58 Doc.22.2 which was prepared by the Secretariat in response to Decision SC57-11, following the principles contained in paragraph 8 of Resolution XIII.9 and drawing from inputs from the Working Group on the Ramsar Regional Initiatives.
- consider the proposal of a new Ramsar Regional Initiative in the Southern African Development Community region within the framework of the Convention in line with paragraph 12 of Resolution XIII.9;
- vi. take note of and approve the review of Secretariat's legal adviser of existing relevant Resolutions and decisions of Regional Initiatives in line with paragraph 30 of Resolution XIII. 9 and contained in document SC58 Doc.22.4;
- vii. consider the summary assessment of the operations and achivements of the Ramsar Regional Initiatives operating during the period 2019-2021 in Annex 3, prepared by the Secretariat for submission to COP14 in line with paragraph 28 of Resolution XIII.9.

## **Background**

 At its seventh meeting (COP7, San Jose, 1999), in Resolution VII.19 on Guidelines for international cooperation under the Ramsar Convention, the Conference of the Contracting Parties recognized regional cooperation as an effective means to promote and better implement the objectives of the Convention. This initiated the establishment and development of a formally established regional cooperation mechanism, now referred to as a Ramsar Regional Initiative (RRI).

- 2. At COP13 (Dubai, 2018), in paragraph 1 of Resolution XIII.9 on Ramsar Regional Initiatives 2019-2021, the Conference recalled that RRIs "which include regional centres for training and capacity building and regional networks to facilitate cooperation is intended as an operational means to provide effective support for improved implementation of the Convention in specific geographic regions, through voluntary international cooperation on wetland-related issues of common concern".
- Through paragraph 11 of Resolution XIII.9, the Contracting Parties endorsed the following 19
  RRIs as operating in the framework of the Convention until COP14 (2021);
  - Ramsar Centre for Eastern Africa (RAMCEA);
  - Ramsar Regional Centre for Training and Research in the Western Hemisphere (CREHO);
  - Ramsar Regional Centre Central and West Asia (RRC-CWA);
  - Ramsar Regional Centre East Asia (RCC-EA);
  - Ramsar Regional Initiative for West African Coastal Zone Wetlands (WACOWet);
  - Ramsar Regional Initiative for the Niger River Basin (NigerWet);
  - Ramsar Regional Initiative for the Senegal River Basin (SenegalWet);
  - Ramsar Regional Initiative for the Conservation and Wise Use of High Andean Wetlands (HAW);
  - Ramsar Regional Initiative for the Conservation and Wise Use of the Plata River Basin;
  - Caribbean Wetlands Ramsar Regional Initiative (CariWet);
  - Regional Initiative for the Integral Management and Wise Use of Mangroves and Coral Reefs;
  - Regional Initiative for the conservation and sustainable use of wetlands in the Amazon River Basin;
  - East Asian-Australasian Flyway Partnership (EAAFP);
  - Ramsar Regional Initiative for Central Asia (RRI-CA);
  - Indo-Burma Ramsar Regional Initiative (IBRRI);
  - Mediterranean Wetlands Ramsar Regional Initiative (MedWet);
  - Carpathian Wetland Ramsar Regional Initiative (CWI);
  - Nordic-Baltic Wetlands Ramsar Regional Initiative (NorBalWet); and
  - Ramsar Regional Initiative on Black and Azov Seas Coastal Wetlands (BlackSeaWet).

## Progress of the 19 Ramsar Regional Initiatives in 2020

- 4. At COP12 (Punta del Esta, 2015), in paragraph 12 of Resolution XII.8 on *Regional Initiatives* 2016-2018 in the framework of the Ramsar Convention, the Contracting Parties requested "the Standing Committee to assess annually, based on the reports submitted, according to the format adopted through Standing Committee Decision SC41-21, the functioning of Ramsar Regional Initiatives in relation to the Operational Guidelines, the implementation of the Convention and the Ramsar Strategic Plan 2016-2024, seeking support from the CEPA Oversight Panel as required".
- 5. At COP13 (Dubai, 2018), in paragraph 8 of Resolution XIII.9, Contracting Parties decided that RRIs, to maintain their formal recognition, RRIs have to be in line with the following principles:
  - a. RRIs must be endorsed by the Conference of the Contracting Parties, or intersessionally by the Standing Committee if they are new;

- b. RRIs must be subject to review by the Contracting Parties at each meeting of the Conference of the Parties;
- c. RRIs must develop terms of reference, which cover their own rules of procedure, structure, governance and membership, including the status of the Convention Secretariat's participation in the RRI, and which should be consistent with the Resolutions and Recommendations of the Conference of the Parties;
- d. RRIs must be financially accountable;
- e. RRIs should undertake tasks related to the implementation of the Convention in their region and can speak in their own name only, using their own logo only;
- f. RRIs must submit to the Secretariat, according to the format approved by the Standing Committee, an annual report of progress on their work and a financial summary at the end of each year, together with a work plan and budget for the following year; and
- g. RRIs that have been established for fewer than six years and that want to apply for start-up financial support from the Ramsar Convention core budget must request it in their budget submitted for the following year.
- 6. The Secretariat maintains regular contact with the RRIs to ensure that their objectives and work programmes align with the Convention's Strategic Plan and the RRI Operational Guidelines.
- 7. The coordinators of RRIs were requested to use the annual reporting format (Document SC41-13 Annex I, available from <a href="https://www.ramsar.org/activity/ramsar-regional-initiatives">https://www.ramsar.org/activity/ramsar-regional-initiatives</a>) and to send their report of progress of activities undertaken in 2020 and planned activities for 2021, including a financial overview, to the Secretariat by 31 January 2021. These reports are available here:

  <a href="https://www.ramsar.org/search?f%5B0%5D=type%3Adocument&f%5B1%5D=field\_tag\_body\_eve\_nt%3A593&f%5B2%5D=field\_sort\_date%3A2021&sort=field\_sort\_date&order=desc&search\_api\_views\_fulltext="https://www.ramsar.org/search.pdf">https://www.ramsar.org/search?f%5B0%5D=type%3Adocument&f%5B1%5D=field\_tag\_body\_eve\_nt%3A593&f%5B2%5D=field\_sort\_date%3A2021&sort=field\_sort\_date&order=desc&search\_api\_views\_fulltext="https://www.ramsar.org/search.pdf">https://www.ramsar.org/search?f%5B0%5D=type%3Adocument&f%5B1%5D=field\_tag\_body\_eve\_nt%3A593&f%5B2%5D=field\_sort\_date%3A2021&sort=field\_sort\_date&order=desc&search\_api\_views\_fulltext="https://www.ramsar.org/search.pdf">https://www.ramsar.org/search?f%5B0%5D=type%3Adocument&f%5B1%5D=field\_tag\_body\_eve\_nt%3A593&f%5B2%5D=field\_sort\_date%3A2021&sort=field\_sort\_date&order=desc&search\_api\_views\_fulltext="https://www.ramsar.org/search.pdf">https://www.ramsar.org/search?f%5B0%5D=type%3Adocument&f%5B1%5D=field\_tag\_body\_eve\_nt%3A593&f%5B2%5D=field\_sort\_date%3A2021&sort=field\_sort\_date&order=desc&search\_api\_views\_fulltext="https://www.ramsar.org/search.pdf">https://www.ramsar.org/search?f%5B0%5D=type%3Adocument&f%5B1%5D=field\_tag\_body\_eve\_nt%3A593&f%5B2%5D=field\_sort\_date%3A2021&sort=field\_sort\_date&order=desc&search\_api\_views\_fulltext="https://www.ramsar.org/search\_api\_views\_fulltext="https://www.ramsar.org/search\_api\_views\_fulltext="https://www.ramsar.org/search\_api\_views\_fulltext="https://www.ramsar.org/search\_api\_views\_fulltext="https://www.ramsar.org/search\_api\_views\_fulltext="https://www.ramsar.org/search\_api\_views\_fulltext="
- 8. The Secretariat sent reminders to the RRI Coordinators requesting them to submit annual reports and followed up bilaterally with each of them. Annual reports were received from eighteen RRIs by 12 March 2021. The Ramsar Regional Initiative for the Conservation and Wise Use of High Andean Wetlands did not submit an annual report.
- 9. The Secretariat reviewed the annual reports submitted by 18 RRIs and prepared a summary based on their ongoing activities and the principles for RRIs outlined in paragraph 8 of Resolution XIII.9. Annex 1 of the present document presents an overview of the reports submitted. According to the reports, the main activities conducted in 2020 include: WWD celebrations, capacity building, CEPA activities, e.g. developing or updating websites, producing promotional materials or organizing awareness-raising events, Ramsar Site management activities, e.g. developing plans, Site assessments, Ramsar Site designation or monitoring protocols, and fund raising, e.g. writing funding proposals or establishing sustainable financing platforms.
- 10. Paragraph 8.d) of Resolution XIII.9 indicates that RRIs must be financially accountable. Based on the reports, some of the RRIs did not present any financial information. The financial information provided in the reports enables only a limited understanding of the effectiveness of an RRI's operation, and it is not clear in eight of the RRIs how funds spent on administrative and programmatic activities are used.
- 11. Commonly recognized challenges identified from the reports were limited financial resources, and COVID-19 restrictions that resulted in delays or postponement in implementing activities and changes to work plans in 2020. Paragraph 25 of Resolution XIII.9 encourages the

Contracting Parties concerned with the challenge of limited financial resources to take the necessary steps to achieve financial sustainability, preferably through financial support from a variety of sources, and to establish mechanisms and procedures to ensure their sustainability beyond specific project periods and avoid RRIs becoming dependent on a single major donor. Following Resolution XIII.9 guidance, four RRIs developed and submitted funding proposals to multiple donors.

## Allocation of Convention core budget funds for activities of new RRIs in 2021

- 12. In paragraph 14 of Resolution XIII.9, the Conference of the Parties notes "that Resolution XIII.2 on *Financial and budgetary matters* includes within the Convention core budget for 2019-2021 a budget line 'Support to Ramsar Regional Initiatives', to provide start-up support for the running costs of RRIs established for fewer than six years".
- 13. Through paragraph 15 of Resolution XIII.9, Contracting Parties decided "that the levels of financial support from the Convention core budget to eligible RRIs for the years 2019, 2020, and 2021 will be determined annually by the Standing Committee, based on the most recent annual reports and updated work plans to be submitted in accordance with the required format and timetable, and informed by the specific recommendations made by the Subgroup on Finance and Standing Committee".
- 14. During SC58 virtual meetings, the Standing Committee approved the allocation of CHF 15,000 from an original proposal of CHF 25,000 to each of the four eligible Ramsar Regional Initiatives for their activities in 2020 from the core budget line D "Support to Regional Initiatives", taking into account carry-overs from 2019 and the pandemic situation that is likely to lead to restrained activities during the remainder of 2020 (Decision SC58-28). Subsequently, on the recommendation of the Subgroup on Finance, the Standing Committee approved an additional CHF 10,000 through SC58 Intersessional Decision. However, the Amazon and SenegalWet Initiatives as part of their annual reports for 2020 requested the additional CHF 10,000 as shown in column "Requested 2021 contribution" in Table 1 below.
- 15. For 2021, the four RRIs eligible for support from the Secretariat submitted, as part of their financial reports and work plans for 2021, new requests for Convention core budget support as detailed in Table 1 below.

Table 1: Summary of expenditure in 2020 and funding of new Ramsar Regional Initiatives for 2021

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	2020	expenditure (	CHF)	2021 funding (CHF)				
Ramsar Regional Initiative	Ramsar Approved allocation for 2020 (CHF)	Reported expenditure in 2020 <sup>1</sup> (CHF)	Balance carried forward 2020 <sup>1</sup> (CHF)	Forecast / budgeted expenditure for activities in 2021	Requested 2021 contribution (CHF)	Secretariat's proposed budget 2021 allocation (CHF)		
Senegal Basin	15,000	23,051	205	50,000	35,000 <sup>3</sup>	25,000		
Amazon Basin	15,000	0	76,000 <sup>2</sup>	35,000	35,000 <sup>3</sup>	25,000		
Central Asia	25,000	25,929	0	43,886	33,887	25,000		
Indo-Burma	25,000	130,847	0	466,000	25,000	25,000		
Total	80,000	179,827	76,205	594,886	128,887	100,000		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Including other resources (e.g. residuals from previous years and /or project funding)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Funds committed at the end of 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes request of additional CHF 10,000 from 2020.

16. The Standing Committee is invited to decide how to allocate the amount available (CHF 100,000) in the Convention Core budget line D, "Support to Regional Initiatives". Proposed in table 1 above is an allocation of CHF 25,000 to each of the four eligible RRIs for their activities in 2021 for consideration of the Standing Committee.

## New reporting template and guidance

17. Following Decision SC57-11, through which the Standing Committee "requested the Secretariat to review the reporting format and process and to prepare the summary assessment requested in paragraph 28 of Resolution XIII.9", a new reporting template has been prepared by the Secretariat incorporating comments from the Working Group for RRIs (received from five Contracting Parties and three RRIs) and is included in document SC58 Doc.22.2 as Annex 2 ¹. The template was not discussed by Standing Committee at its 58th meeting and is carried forward to SC59 for consideration. The proposed template provides guidance on how to prepare the report to ensure greater consistency between RRIs and ensure that the work of each RRI is in line with the principles in Resolution XIII.9, paragraph 8. This reporting format will enable the Secretariat to more effectively review and prepare a summary assessment of the operations and achievements of the RRIs operating under the Convention.

#### **Proposals for new RRIs**

- 18. Resolution XIII.9, paragraph 13, instructs the Secretariat to open a call for proposals for new RRIs, to be endorsed by the Conference of the Parties at COP14 or by the Standing Committee at its meetings before COP14.
- 19. Decision SC58-23 of the 58th meeting of the Standing Committee instructed the Secretariat to open a call for proposals for new Ramsar Regional Initiatives no later than 31 July 2020 in line with paragraph 13 of Resolution XIII.9, and requested that the Secretariat choose a deadline.
- 20. The Secretariat sent out a diplomatic note (2020/8) inviting proposals for new Ramsar Regional Initiatives 2021-2024 on 30 July 2020. By the deadline of 31 December 2020, two proposals were received by the Secretariat: (1) Southern African Ramsar Regional Initiative (SARRI) and (2) Equatorial Guinea Initiative.
- 21. The two proposals were evaluated by the Secretariat using criteria in the Operational Guidelines for Ramsar Regional Initiatives 2013-2015 and Resolution XIII.9. Based on the evaluation, only the Southern African Ramsar Regional Initiative meets the requirements outlined in the Operational Guidelines 2013-2015 for Ramsar Regional Initiatives in the Convention on Wetlands framework. Annex 2 presents a summary of the evaluation of the two proposals.
- 22. The Secretariat requests that Standing Committee at its 59th meeting consider the Southern African Ramsar Regional Initiative for endorsement as operating within the framework of the Convention.

# Summary assessment of the operations and achivements of the RRIs operating during the period 2019-2021

23. Resolution XIII.9, paragraph 28, instructs the Secretariat to prepare a summary assessment of the RRIs operating during the period 2019-2021 for consideration by the Standing Committee

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See https://www.ramsar.org/sites/default/files/documents/library/sc58-22.2 secretariat report rris e.pdf

and submission to COP14. In Annex 3 is the summary prepared by the Secretariat according to the principles for RRIs outlined in paragraph 8 of Resolution XIII.9 and the assessment prepared by the consultant as basis to draft the new Operational Guidelines for RRIs. The consultant's report can be consulted here: <a href="https://www.ramsar.org/document/consultants-ramsar-regional-initiatives-rris-assessment-2016-2019">https://www.ramsar.org/document/consultants-ramsar-regional-initiatives-rris-assessment-2016-2019</a>

- 24. Based on the above, the 19 ongoing Initiatives are mostly compliant with the seven principles adopted at COP13. Concerning the development of terms of reference, which cover their own rules of procedure, 17 RRIs have developed specific TORS. All 19 RRIs have established governance structures in the form of Coordination Committes, Steering Committees, Boards of Directors, or Management Boards that meets once every 12 to 18 months. Their membership, consists mainly of National Focal Points of the participating countries. The Secretariat of the Convention provides support to the implementation of the RRIs and acts as member of or observer to their governance structures.
- 25. In accordiance with paragraph 25 of Resolution XIII.9, that encourages Parties faced with the challenge of limited financial resources to take the necessary steps to achieve financial sustainability, eight RRIs have a resource mobilization strategy and nine RRIs have undertaken fundraising activities. The consultant's assessment report found that in the 2016-2019 period, 11 RRIs mobilized funds totalling CHF 9,406,441.
- 26. Concerning Strategic Plans and work plans, 17 RRIs have reported that they have strategic plans or work plans which are aligned with one or more goals of the Convention Strategic Plan 2016-2024. Key activities undertaken include: promoting adoption of national wetlands policies (Goal 3, Target 9); working to support Contracting Parties on the effective management and conservation of wetlands (Goal 2, Target 5); promoting wise use of wetlands through research and sustainable management including traditional knowledge (Goal 3, Targets 9 and 10); and promoting scientific and technical cooperation, exchange of knowledge and capacity building (Goal 4, Targets 14, 15, 16 and 19).
- 27. In terms of challenges, the lack of funding and engagement of Contracting Parties in the Regions have continued to be extremely important challenges since the assessment conducted in 2015. Other common limitations mentioned are weak human resources capacity of RRIs or National Focal Points, as well as COVID-19 restrictions in 2020.

Annex 1
Summary of RRIs Annual Report 2020 and principles from Resolution XIII.9

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Ramsar Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (incl. ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	budget for 2020 (CHF unless stated)	Expenditure in 2020 (CHF unless stated)	Financial resources	Key activities	Challenges
Ramsar Centre for Eastern Africa (RAMCEA), 2009	5		Governing Council is the supreme policy-making body and responsible for all affairs. The RAMCEA Secretariat is responsible for day-to-day activities and report to the Governing Council.		RAMCEA Secretariat's responsibility. The Collaborative Management Board reviews annual reports and approves the budget and financial regulations. The Secretariat	110,000	29,300	Foundation	Support to Parties on the wise use of wetlands based on lessons from projects was initiated.	COVID-19 restrictions, limited resources and inadequate support from states and international institutions to support the implementatio n of key
Ramsar Regional Centre for Training and Research in the Western Hemisphere (CREHO), 1999	30		Body is the Board of	Permanent. Member of the Board of	executes the budget.  Responsibility of the Board to approve budget and oversee financial management	309,830	232,559	of Environment, fundraising	<ul> <li>National field projets, webinars and online meetings: with national and international participation</li> </ul>	activities  No information

Ramsar Regional			Principles from Resolu	tion XIII.9		Planned	Expenditure			
Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (incl. ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	budget for 2020 (CHF unless stated)	in 2020 (CHF unless stated)	Financial resources	Key activities	Challenges
Ramsar Regional Centre - Central and West Asia (RRC-CWA), 2002	15		Administrative bodies are the Collaborative Management Board and the RRC-CWA Secretariat. The Collaborative Management Board provides strategic guidance, approves programmes/activities, and approves budget and financial regulation.	Board Member	Collaborative Management Board reviews annual reports and approves the budget and financial regulations.	335,000	25,000	Government of Iran (Department of Environment, Ministry of Energy), UNDP (National Wetland Conservation Plan of Iran)	<ul> <li>Regional CEPA Action Plan was initiated.</li> <li>Discussion of bilateral agreements with JICA, improvement on CMB membership and related regulation.</li> </ul>	COVID-19 restrictions, financial difficulties.
Ramsar Regional Centre - East Asia (RRC-EA), 2009	18		The Steering Committee provides guidance in the development of policies and programmes. The Executive Director leads the day-to-day operations.	Steering Committee member	Reported to Steering Committee.	1,004,815	749,691	Ministry of Environment (Republic of Korea), Suncheon City, donation	●Two guidebooks (1) Monitoring of Wetlands and (2) Management, Effectiveness Tracking Tool for Ramsar Sites, were drafted, ● The translation of RRC- EA Guidebook into various languages in eight countries, ● Supported countries and participation in the celebration of WWD ●The development of a Draft Resolution on Wetland Education and Wetland City Accreditation for COP14, ●Four RRC-EA Wetland Fund grants administered to countries	

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Ramsar Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (incl. ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	budget for 2020 (CHF unless stated)	in 2020 (CHF unless stated)	Financial resources	Key activities	Challenges
									<ul> <li>The Pre-AWS 2021</li> <li>Webinar was organized</li> <li>The 11th RRC-EA</li> <li>Steering Committee</li> <li>meeting was organized</li> </ul>	
West African Coastal Zone Wetlands Network (WACOWet), 2009	13	. ,	The Supervisory Council is in charge of the overall supervision of the policies of the WACOWet Secretariat, and it monitors and reviews implementation of strategies, annual plan, risk management, and financial situation / management.	Observer	Financial & Accounting Procedure Manual (2013) captures the procedures of planning and budget, accounting policy, financial reports, accounting registers / documents.		00	Government of Senegal, fundraising (technical and financial partnership). African Voluntary Contributions	No activity	No information
Niger River Basin (NigerWet), 2006	9	Yes (draft)	The Supervisory Council is in charge of the overall supervision of the policies of the NigerWet Secretariat, and it monitors and reviews implementation of strategies, annual plan, risk management, and financial situation / management.	Observer	Financial & Accounting Manual (2013) captures the procedures of planning and budget, accounting policy, financial reports, accounting registers / documents.	No information	18,333	Contribution	<ul> <li>NigerWet internal rules and regulations drafted and legal status defined</li> <li>The RIS of six Ramsar Sites of Guinea were updated</li> </ul>	No information
Ramsar Regional Initiative for the Conservation and Wise Use of High	8	Yes	The Coordination Committee (National Focal Points from member countries) have annual	Provides support to the Coordination Committee		No report submitted from 2020	No report submitted from 2020	No report submitted from 2020	from 2020	No report submitted from 2020

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Ramsar Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (incl. ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	budget for 2020 (CHF unless stated)	in 2020 (CHF unless stated)	Financial resources	Key activities	Challenges
Andean Wetlands (HAW), 2005			meetings to follow up the implementation of the strategy and its action plan.		allocations were administered by the Secretariat under decisions of the Coordination Committee).					
Initiatives for the Conservation and Wise Use of the Plata River Basin, 2009	5	Yes	The Coordination Committee (member countries) as a governance body reviews progress annually.	Coordination Committee	Coordination Committee (previous Standing Committee allocations were administered by the Secretariat under decisions of Coordination Committee).	72,738	42,738	(Bolivia,	Second phase of implementation of capacity building project in Paraguay and Bolivia.	No information
Caribbean Wetlands Regional Initiative (CariWet), 2009	14 (11 from Contracting Parties, 3 from overseas territories)		Committee is coordinated by two member countries and includes all Contracting Parties members of the	providing support	Coordination Committee (previous Standing Committee allocations were administered by the Secretariat under decisions of Coordination Committee)	In kind	In kind	countries	Meetings of the coordination committee and follow up to the priorities of the work plan in particular the IKI project.	No information

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Ramsar Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (incl. ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	budget for 2020 (CHF unless stated)	Expenditure in 2020 (CHF unless stated)	Financial resources	Key activities	Challenges
Regional Initiative for the Integral Management and Wise Use of Mangroves and Coral Reefs,2009	14		committee of the Initiative is led by two member	regional committee	Coordination Committee (previous Standing Committee allocations were administered by the Secretariat under decisions of Coordination Committee).	6,500	In kind	Coutry members	Meetings of the Coordination Committee and preparation of fundraising proposal on blue carbon.	No information
East Asian- Australasian Flyway Partnership, 2006		(structural info. is available on their website)	The EAAFP Management Committee provides general policy, operational and financial direction to the EAAFP Secretariat. A meeting of the Partnership is held annually to oversee the implementation of the Partnership.		The EAAFP Finance Sub- Committee provides advice the Secretariat and Partners on the overall finanical management. Reporting to the Meeting of Partners (MOP).	940,000 USD	661,711 USD	Incheon Metropolitan City government, EAAFP Partner voluntary contributions, fundraising	Provide advice and technical support to existing sites and the designation of new Flyway Network Site, Annual Small Grant program, resource mobilization	COVID-19 restrictions

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Ramsar Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (incl. ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	ent unless stated) in 2020	Expenditure in 2020 (CHF unless stated)	Financial resources	Key activities	Challenges
Mediterranean Wetlands Initiative (MedWet), 1991						431,533 EUR	309,081 EUR	contributions, MAVA Foundation, European Union, OFB.	''	COVID-19 restrictions
Carpathian Wetland Initiative (CWI), 2006	7	Yes	The implementation body of CWI is a Board, which is composed of the focal	•	Provided by the Board.	51,596 EUR	17,430.00 EUR	•	Wetlands and their services and benefits were promoted the work of the	COVID-19 restrictions

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Ramsar Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (incl. ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	2020 (CHF	Expenditure in 2020 (CHF unless stated)	Financial resources	Key activities	Challenges
			points from each member. The Board elects a chair to guide the proceedings and meet periodically.					SK), Ministry of Environment (Czech Republic, Hungary, Romania, Slovakia, Ukraine), Danube Transnational Programme projects, CE Central parks project, BfN DE, CWI budget from Hungary) Wetlands International, DAPHNE – Institute of Applied Ecology SK, Centre for Ecological Research HU, UNEP-GRID	EUSDR Priority Areas using various forums  • CWI participated at kick- off meeting of IDES  • Two project proposals, including: the LIFE project within DANUBEPARKS was supported and the CARPWET project outline for EUKI funding in the Carpathian region was developed by CWI  • A database of habitats and species and of cultural values within Centralparks was developed and lodged in the CARPWET project website  • CWI website was updated  • A training on wetlands restoration was initiated with the preparation of training materials with the Czech Ministry of Environment	
Nordic-Baltic Wetlands	9	Yes	· ·		Host Country provides	No information	No information	Ministry of Environment (Finland)	Activity plan was developed	COVID-19 restrictions

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Ramsar Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (incl. ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	budget for	in 2020 (CHF unless stated)	Financial resources	Key activities	Challenges
Initiatives (NorBalWet), 2005			each participating county and it is the decision- making body.		administrative support				<ul> <li>Website contents was updated</li> <li>WWD was celebrated, and communication materials developed for other awareness-raising events</li> </ul>	
Ramsar Regional Initiative on Black and Azov Seas Coastal Wetlands (BlackSeaWet), 2007	7		are: the Management	Member of Management Body	Provided by the Government of Ukraine (incomplete information)No detailed information	35,000	00	EU/UNDP Project "Improving Environmental Monitoring of the Black Sea: selected measures" (EMBLAS-Plus).	•The 6th Meeting of the Management Body of BlackSeaWet was organized •A Facebook group was created •The WWD was celebrated, and additional awarenessraising materials developed •A joint database on the main characteristics of the wetlands of the region generated •Invasive alien species and pathways of their introduction and expansion in wetlands from the region was identified and prioritized •The drafting of a wetland restoration strategy/policy in the	COVID-19 restrictions

Ramsar Regional			Principles from Resolu	tion XIII.9		Planned	Expenditure			
Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (incl. ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	budget for 2020 (CHF unless stated)	in 2020 (CHF unless stated)	Financial resources	Key activities	Challenges
									region, data on barriers was initiated •Restoration activities and conservation measures for waterfowl, limitation of the biogenic inflow and succession processes initiated for various wetlands including Ramsar Sites.	
Ramsar Regional Initiative for the Senegal River Basin (SenegalWet), 2016		laws and internal regulati ons)	The governance bodies are: the Commission, the Governing Board, and the Secretariat of the Initiative. The Commission's responsibilities include making decision on directions of the Initiative, approving strategies, programme and work plan, and controlling financial resources.	No detailed information	Yes (by-laws and internal regulations)	76,000	33,256	Ramsar core budget and the Government of Senegal	•The Wetlands Charter of SenegalWet was developed •A study on conflicts in the use of wetlands and water resources was conducted	No information
Regional Initiative for the conservation and sustainable use of wetlands in the Amazon River Basin, 2016	7		·	The Ramsar Secretariat supports the governance body	Managed by the Ramsar Secretariat under decisions of the coordinator of the Initiative	58,420	58,420	Ramsar Convention's core budget	Meetings of the coordination committee, preparation of regional project for GEF7 and preparation of TORs for consultancy on strengthening of capacities on strategies of restoration and	COVID19 restrictions

Dameer Beginnel			Principles from Resolut	tion XIII.9		Planned	Fym am distring			
Ramsar Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (incl. ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	budget for 2020 (CHF unless stated)	in 2020 (CHF unless stated)	Financial resources	Key activities	Challenges
									assessment of the effectiveness of wetland management.	
Ramsar Regional Initiative for Central Asia Initiative (RRI-CA), 2016	4	No	The decision-making body is the Coordination Committee, which is composed of three key members and six alternatives members from member countries.	No information	Technical Secretary of the RRI-CA (based at CAREC)	35, 929	25,929	_	0	COVI-19 restrictions
Indo-Burma Ramsar Regional Initiative (IBRRI), 2016	5	Yes	The Steering Committee, which is composed of the Ramsar Administrative Authorities of member countries, provides oversight of the Initiative's operation.	Observer	Managed by IUCN Asia Regional Office.	133,000	130,847	Project, Ramsar core budget		COVID-19 restrictions.

Annex 2: Review of documentation submitted by the proposed new Regional Initiatives against requirements for Regional Initiatives outlined in Operational Guidelines' for Ramsar Regional Initiatives 2013-2015

- (1) The Southern African Ramsar Regional Initiative (SARRI)
- A. Aim of Southern African Ramsar Regional Initiative (SARRI)
- 1. RIs are an operational means to provide effective support for improved implementation of the objectives of the Convention and its Strategic Plan and to raise the visibility of the Convention in the region
- SARRI will facilitate the Implementation of the Convention by tackling drivers of wetland loss and degradation, promote the management effectiveness of the Ramsar Sites network and ensure the use of wetland resources.
- 2. How the RI aligns its activities and operational targets with the objectives of the Convention's Strategic Plan 2016-2024
  - SARRI proposes to support the sustainable management of all wetland ecosystems in the SADC region by focusing on all goals and targets 3,5,6,7,11,14,16 and 18 of the Convention's 2016-2024 Strategic Plan.
- 3. The geographical region and a list of the countries that will actively participate
  - SARRI will be made up of countries from Southern Africa and Indian Ocean island states (Botswana, Eswatini, Lesotho, Madagascar, Mauritius, Malawi, Mozambique, Seychelles, South Africa and Zimbabwe), and all Contracting Parties to the Convention.
- 4. RIs list of Ramsar Administrative Authorities and all other participating stakeholders, such as Ministries other than those responsible for the implementation of the Convention on Wetlands, intergovernmental bodies, Convention on Wetlands International Organization Partners (IOPs), local communities, NGOs, economic actors, etc. that the RIs will be engaging.
  - SARRI proposes to work with Governments of the contracting parties, represented by the Ramsar Administrative Authorities, Intergovernmental bodies like the SADC and the transboundary river basin organizations (RBOs), International cooperating partners such as the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), IOPs working in the region including IUCN, National and Local Civil Society Organisations with interests on wetlands, research institutions, and government agencies with research facilities that focus on water/wetland management, indigenous communities living in the Ramsar site areas, regional government authorities, private sector stakeholders, notably and the Ramsar Convention's Secretariat

#### **B.** Coordination Mechanisms

- 5. RI's plan to assure coordination between the Parties and other members of the RI. Coordinating functions assigned to Parties or participating institutions on a rotating basis, and modalities to be reflected in a regional agreement
  - SARRI will be hosted by the Environment and Climate Change Unit within the Directorate of Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources (FANR) of the SADC Secretariat in Gaborone, Botswana. A coordinator for the Initiative's programmes will be appointed on a rotational basis from each participating member state. In order to ensure coordination between the Secretariat, the contracting parties, and other participants, a governance framework will be established with the regional initiative secretariat at its centre (see section C for a detailed description of the framework).

- 6. Plans to develop an own identity, a specific logo (to be used in combination with the Ramsar logo) to avoid any confusion between its role and those of the Ramsar Administrative Authorities and the Secretariat and to establish and regularly update a website for the RI
  - SARRI's identity as a Regional Initiative, distinct from the Ramsar Secretariat, will be
    emphasized through its mandate's visual identity and publication. SARRI will have its
    own logo and website as agreed by the membership. It will operate with substantial
    guidance from the SADC Secretariat to increase its reach and respond to regional
    priorities
- 7. RI's plans to coordinate regional projects or programmes which are ongoing or developed under the Initiative, and note if professional staff will be involved in their implementation or supervision
  - There are no regional projects at the moment at the regional initiative level. However, the Initiative will learn lessons from related projects at the SADC level. SADC will coordinate, monitor and report on all regional projects, and recruit professional staff will be required to provide expert support.

#### C. Governance Mechanisms

- 8. RI's plan to establish in the region existing or planned mechanisms to provide governance, coordination and advice (committees, boards, etc.), and how all relevant Contracting Parties and other stakeholders will be able to provide guidance and insight
  - SARRI will build on a bottom-up approach as a membership union amongst membership state. Country National Forums will be developed. The technical committee members will establish various technical task teams/working groups on specific issues identified by the membership. The SARRI will be led by a board, the Initiative's highest decision-making body. The day-to-day affairs of the Initiative will be run by a secretariat, made up of professional staff, hired and hosted at the SADC Secretariat. The host institution will provide an ex-officio member to the technical committee and a non-voting board member. An annual stakeholder forum will set the course for the Initiative's priorities and endorse committee and board members' nominations.
- 9. Plans to develop, coordinate and run the RI. Advice and support expected from the Ramsar Secretariat, including the possible mobilization of additional resources
  - The SARRI board comprises a representative from each member (national forum) and will have a fiduciary duty to report to the Convention's Secretariat.
- 10. Does the RIs have or plan to have terms of reference, rules of procedure, structure, and membership, and /or other written regulations which the Initiative has established or is planning
  - SARRI proposes to use a consultative process with contracting parties to establish (1) terms of reference as a governance framework and coordination mechanisms for the Initiative (2) The SARRI Strategic Action Plan 2022-2032, (3) SARRI Stakeholder Engagement and Communication Strategy, and (3) the SARRI Workplan 2022-2032, which will set out priority projects and desired outcomes, the collaborative partners identified and resources needed.

## D. Substantive Elements

11. The RI's approach to create an enabling environment in the region, provide a framework for the development of collaborative networks, and seek collaboration with other intergovernmental or regional and international agencies, local NGOs, and partners, including Ramsar IOPs operating in the region

- SARRI will provide a platform for discussion, recommendation, and prioritization of critical issues affecting wetlands. Through a direct link with SADC, it will promote a regional approach to addressing the identified challenges. Through its Secretariat, it will maintain relations with key partners like SADC Secretariat, River Basin Organisations (RBOs), international cooperating partners and other interested parties
- 12. Plan to make optimal use of the Ramsar tools and to consider strong scientific and technical backing provided by relevant institutions to become partners in the Initiative
  - The poor accessibility to the Ramsar Convention's tools is the main obstacle for local stakeholders, both accessibility and language. SARRI would try to overcome these obstacles by disseminating the tools and coordinating the translation of the most relevant tools, particularly the guidelines and handbooks, into local languages. The Initiative would also promote the tools through increased training opportunities for stakeholders in the southern African region and platforms and websites.
- 13. Plans to raise the visibility of the Convention and awareness of Convention objectives, with specific activities to increase the visibility of the Convention and the general understanding of its objectives
  - SARRI proposes to work with regional governing bodies for water and wetlands and national stakeholders at all levels to increase the visibility and awareness of the Ramsar Convention on wetlands and its objectives.

## E. Financial and Other Support

- 14. Plan by the RIs on expenditure and financial requirements for the period 2022-2024 and financial support providers. Including amounts that have been firmly pledged and the needs not yet covered. Also, describe planned expenditures and the sources and payments of secured income for the year 2022
  - SARRI is proposing an operating budget for 2022-2024 of 1,850,000 USD to be covered by the participating countries' contributions, in-kind donations, grants from the Secretariat's core budget and planned fund-raising proposals.
- 15. If RI is requesting core funding, a plan on how the Initiative will generate its resources and become financially self-sufficient after the start-up phase and in the long term
  - SARRI proposes to pursue the following actions to ensure financial self-sufficiency, poststart off, develop a resource mobilization strategy that will guide collaborations and joint resource mobilization with critical partners. Sustained membership contributions incentivized by notable progress in the operations of the Initiative and priority support from SADC through its regional initiatives and various fund-raising proposals
- 16. Operational readiness to receive and spend money, including Ramsar core budget support for the costs of activities occurring in 2022
  - SARRI appears to be ready and will be using the SADC financial systems
- 17. Plan on how the RI will implement financial management to ensure transparency and accountability
  - SARRI funds will be managed via the SADC Secretariat financial management system, which uses a secure electronic system for planning, payments and internal audit. Procurement procedures shall follow SADC and donor agency rules. Decisions on the Initiative's finances will be overseen by the board (financial reports annually).
- 18. Which bodies will provide political support in addition to those which have submitted a National Letter of Support
  - SADC's support for the Initiative is confirmed. The approval of NEPAD, the implementing agency of the African Union, will be sought.
- 19. List of the letters of support received by national Ramsar Administrative Authorities and other partners

- received from Zambia, Eswatini, Seychelles, Botswana, Zimbabwe, Lesotho,
   Mozambique, South Africa and Mauritius and in preparation by the other four Ramsar Parties.
- (2) Equatorial Guinea Ramsar Regional Initiative
- A. The aim of Equatorial Guinea Ramsar Regional Initiative
- 20. RIs as an operational means to provide effective support for improved implementation of the objectives of the Convention and its Strategic Plan and to raise the visibility of the Convention in the region
  - The Equatorial Guinea Initiative will identify and assess new wetlands for designation as new Ramsar Sites, promote the wise use and mainstream wetlands into national/local policy or strategies and plans.
- 21. How the RI aligns its activities and operational targets with the objectives of the Convention's Strategic Plan 2016-2024
  - The Equatorial Guinea Initiative will work for the sustainable management of all wetland ecosystems in the country, their designation as Ramsar Sites, wise use and mainstreaming into policy by focusing on all goals of the Strategic Plan and targets 9,11,13 and 18.
- 22. The geographical region and a list of the countries that will actively participate
  - The Equatorial Guinea Initiative aims to undertake a technical study to understand the status of wetlands (mangroves, deltas, mires, lagoons, marshes, swamps, peat bogs, lakes) in the country.
- 23. RIs list of Ramsar Administrative Authorities and all other participating stakeholders, such as Ministries other than those responsible for the implementation of the Convention on Wetlands, intergovernmental bodies, Convention on Wetlands International Organization Partners (IOPs), local communities, NGOs, economic actors, etc. that the RIs will be engaging.
  - Various institutions are listed, including Ministry of the Interior and Local
    Administrations (MICL), Ministry of the Economy, Finance and Budget, Local Authorities
    in the zones of influence, National Institute for Forest Development and Management of
    Protected Areas (INDEFOR-AP), National Institute for the Conservation of the
    Environment (INCOMA), WHO, UNDP, FAO, UNICEF NGOs: ANDEGE, ADELO,
    ECOGUINEA, TOMAGE, BBPP, WCS. These are all Equatorial Guinea based.
- **B.** Coordination Mechanisms
- 24. RI's plan to assure coordination between the Parties and other members of the RI.

  Coordinating functions assigned to Parties or participating institutions on a rotating basis, and modalities to be reflected in a regional agreement
  - Equatorial Guinea Initiative: The Ramsar Convention technical office will coordinate all activities within the Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock, Forestry and the Environment in Equatorial Guinea
- 25. Plans to develop an own identity, a specific logo (to be used in combination with the Ramsar logo) to avoid any confusion between its role and those of the Ramsar Administrative Authorities and the Secretariat and to establish and regularly update a website for the RI
  - Equatorial Guinea Initiative provides no concrete information

- 26. RI's plans to coordinate regional projects or programmes which are ongoing or developed under the Initiative, and note if professional staff will be involved in their implementation or supervision
  - Equatorial Guinea Initiative provides no information

#### C. Governance Mechanisms

- 27. RI's plan to establish in the region existing or planned mechanisms to provide governance, coordination and advice (committees, boards, etc.), and how all relevant Contracting Parties and other stakeholders will be able to provide guidance and insight
  - Staff of the Ramsar Convention technical office within the Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock, Forestry and the Environment in Equatorial Guinea will provide the required technology to guarantee good quality results.
- 28. Plans to develop, coordinate and run the RI. Advice and support expected from the Ramsar Secretariat, including the possible mobilization of additional resources
  - The Equatorial Guinea Initiative provides information
- **29.** Does the RIs have or plan to have terms of reference, rules of procedure, structure, and membership, and /or other written regulations which the Initiative has established or is planning
  - Equatorial Guinea Initiative provides no concrete information in the application

#### D. Substantive Elements

- 30. The RIs approach to create an enabling environment in the region, provide a framework for the development of collaborative networks, and seek collaboration with other intergovernmental or regional and international agencies, local NGOs, and partners, including Ramsar IOPs operating in the region
  - **The Equatorial Guinea Initiative** proposal does not consider other countries, and it is a one country initiative.
- 31. Plan to make optimal use of the Ramsar tools and to consider strong scientific and technical backing provided by relevant institutions to become partners in the Initiative
  - Equatorial Guinea Initiative provides no specific information
- 32. Plans to raise the visibility of the Convention and awareness of Convention objectives, with specific activities to increase the visibility of the Convention and the general understanding of its objectives
  - The Equatorial Guinea Initiative plans to design information, education and awarenessraising campaign for students, the general public and local people at national educational centres on the importance and protection of wetlands and their biodiversity

## E. Financial and Other Support

- 33. Plan by the RIs on expenditure and financial requirements for the period 2022-2024 and financial support providers. Including amounts that have been firmly pledged and the needs not yet covered. Also, describe planned expenditures and the sources and payments of secured income for the year 2022
  - The Equatorial Guinea Initiative states the amount of money, but the source of funds is not exact.
- 34. If RI is requesting core funding, a plan on how the Initiative will generate its resources and become financially self-sufficient after the start-up phase and in the long term
  - The Equatorial Guinea Initiative is dependent and requesting all funds from the Convention's core budget.

# 35. Operational readiness to receive and spend money, including Ramsar core budget support for the costs of activities occurring in 2022

- The Equatorial Guinea Initiative proposes to use them is not clear if it is ready to receive and spend funds
- 36. Plan on how the RI will implement financial management to ensure transparency and accountability
  - Equatorial Guinea Initiative provides no information on the subject matter.
- 37. Which bodies will provide political support in addition to those which have submitted a National Letter of Support
  - The Equatorial Guinea Initiative provides no information.
- 38. List of the letters of support received by national Ramsar Administrative Authorities and other partners
  - The Equatorial Guinea Initiative submitted one letter received from the Focal Point, no other is expected.

Annex 3
Summary of RRIs assessment 2019-2021 on principles from Resolution XIII.9

Ramsar			Principles from Resolution	on XIII.9			Successful			
Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (including ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	Strategic Plan and Work Plan	financial sustainability (Resource mobilization)	Capacity building	Key activities	Challenges
Ramsar Centre for Eastern Africa (RAMCEA), 2009	9		Governing Council is the supreme policy-making body and responsible for all affairs. The RAMCEA Secretariat is responsible for day-to-day activities and report to the Governing Council.		RAMCEA Secretariat's responsibility	Annual work plan and Strategic Plan aligned with the Convention's Strategic Plan	Fundraising	involving 166 participants	principles capacity needs assessment, establishment of roster for wetland experts) - Wetland assessment in Uganda - Enhancement of knowledge and awareness (update of RAMCEA website, distribution of Earth observation tool box, - Preparation of CEPA action plan - Resource mobilization (drafted resource mobilization strategy).	
Ramsar Regional Centre for Training and Research in the Western Hemisphere (CREHO), 1999	30		Body is the Board of	Member of the Board of Directors	Responsibility of the Board to approve budget and oversight financial management	Work plan to be aligned with the Convention Strategic Plan	Resource mobilization strategy and fundraising	Five training events involving 85 participants	-National field projets, -Webinars and online meetings: with national and international participation	Lack of funding

Ramsar			Principles from Resolution	on XIII.9			Successful			
Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (including ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	Strategic Plan and Work Plan	financial sustainability (Resource mobilization)	Capacity building	Key activities	Challenges
Ramsar Regional Centre - Central and West Asia (RRC-CWA), 2002	15		Administrative bodies are the Collaborative Management Board and the RRC-CWA Secretariat. The Collaborative Management Board provides strategic guidance, approves programmes/activities, and approves budget and financial regulation.	Management Board Member	Collaborative Management Board reviews annual reports and approves the budget and financial regulations.	plan and Strategic	Resource mobilization strategy and fundraising	Capacity building through the design and delivery of training events or workshops	- Ramsar Advisory Mission no. 88 (under progress of endorsement of the report) - Promotion of wise use of wetlands through research and sustainable management (organized workshop)	Financial difficulties, mainly caused by the Centre's legal status and identity and COVID- 19 restrictions.
Ramsar Regional Centre - East Asia (RRC-EA), 2009		information is available on the	The Steering Committee provides guidance in the development of policies and programmes. The Executive Director leads the day-to-day operations.	_	Reported to Steering Committee	Annual work plan and follows the Convention's Strategic Plan	Fundraising	Four training events	(wetland manager training, policy dialogue), - Development of training modules (rapid assessment)	Lack of of funding/lack of independenc e from Host institution

Ramsar			Principles from Resolution	n XIII.9			Successful			
Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (including ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	Strategic Plan and Work Plan	financial sustainability (Resource mobilization)	Capacity building	Key activities	Challenges
West African Coastal Zone Wetlands Network (WACOWet), 2009	13	Yes (draft)	The Supervisory Council is in charge of the overall supervision of the policies of the WACOWet Secretariat, and it monitors and reviews implementation of strategies, annual plan, risk management, and financial situation / management.		(2013) captures the procedures of planning and budget, accounting	plan and Strategic Plan aligned with the Convention's	No information	information	' '	Limited financial resources
Niger River Basin (NigerWet), 2006	9	Yes (draft)	The Supervisory Council is in charge of the overall supervision of the policies of the NigerWet Secretariat, and it monitors and reviews implementation of strategies, annual plan, risk management, and financial situation / management.	Observer	Financial & Accounting Manual (2013) captures the procedures of planning and budget, accounting policy, financial reports, accounting registers / documents.	Annual worklan	Fundraising	_	UNOPS project development - Collected data to update RIS (Niger and Guinea)	Lack of funding, Weak technical capacity
Ramsar Regional Initiative for the Conservation and Wise Use of High Andean	8	Yes	The Coordination Committee (National Focal Points from member countries) have annual meetings to follow up the implementation of the	Provides support to the Coordination Committee		•	Resource mobilization strategy and fundraising	Capacity building through the design and delivery of training		No information

Ramsar			Principles from Resolution	on XIII.9			Successful			
Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (including ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	Strategic Plan and Work Plan	financial sustainability (Resource mobilization)	Capacity building	Key activities	Challenges
Wetlands (HAW), 2005			strategy and its action plan.		administered by the Secretariat under decisions of the Coordination Committee).	Strategic Plan		events or workshops		
Initiative for the Conservation and Wise Use of the Plata River Basin, 2009	5	Yes	The Coordination Committee (member countries) as a governance body reviews progress annually.	Committee	Coordination Committee (previous Standing Committee allocations were administered by the Secretariat under decisions of Coordination Committee).	Plan aligned with the Convention's Strategic Plan	Resourse mobilization strategy and fundraising	Training events involving 90 participants	Capacity building for wetland managers, policy makers and practicioners in the member countries.	No information
Caribbean Wetlands Regional Initiative (CariWet), 2009	14 (11 from Contracting Parties, 3 from overseas territories)		Committee is coordinated by two member countries and includes all Contracting Parties	member providing support	Coordination Committee (previous Standing Committee allocations were administered by the Secretariat under decisions of Coordination Committee)	plan and Strategic Plan aligned with the Convention's Strategic Plan	Resource mobilization strategy and fundraising	Capacity building through workshops	-IKI Project: Adjustments and designation of personnel and headquarters for the project	Weak engagemen t from some CPs::

Ramsar			Principles from Resolution	on XIII.9			Successful			
Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (including ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	Strategic Plan and Work Plan	financial sustainability (Resource mobilization)	Capacity building	Key activities	Challenges
Regional Initiative for the Integral Management and Wise Use of Mangroves and Coral Reefs,2009	14		The coordination committee of the Initiative is led by two member countries and includes all Contracting Parties with Secretariat's support.	regional committee		Annual work plan and Strategic Plan aligned with the Convention's Strategic Plan	Resource Mobilization Strategy and fund raising	Capacity building through workshops	- Preparation of portfolio for regional projects in order to find funding sources - Annual meeting - Participation in Ocean Community on Mangroves in Montreal	Lack of funding
East Asian- Australasian Flyway Partnership, 2006		information is available on their website)	The EAAFP Management Committee provides general policy, operational and financial direction to the EAAFP Secretariat. A meeting of the Partnership is held annually to oversee the implementation of the Partnership.		Reporting to the Meeting of Partners (MOP), Financial officer position posted	Annual work plan and Strategic Plan aligned with the Convention's Strategic Plan	mobilization strategy and fundraising	countries	Network (4 sites designated) - CEPA on migratory waterbirds and their habitats (newsletter,	covidence covidence covidence covidence constructions, weak engagemen tof CPs

Ramsar			Principles from Resolution	on XIII.9			Successful			
Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (including ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	Strategic Plan and Work Plan	financial sustainability (Resource mobilization)	Capacity building	Key activities	Challenges
Mediterranean Wetlands Initiative (MedWet), 1991	27			the Steering Group		_	Fundaising	Capacity building through training and workshops	''	COVID 19 restrictions
Carpathian Wetland Initiative (CWI), 2006	7		The implementation body of CWI is a Board, which is composed of the focal points from each member. The Board elects a chair to guide the proceedings and meet periodically.	•	information	Annual work plan and Strategic Plan aligned with the Convention's	Fundraising	Training event involving 11 regional participants	- River basin management	

Ramsar			Principles from Resolution	on XIII.9			Successful			
Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (including ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	Strategic Plan and Work Plan	financial sustainability (Resource mobilization)	Capacity building	Key activities	Challenges
						Strategic			- Ecological networks and management of sites (participation in projects related to wetland connectivity issues, designation of Ramsar Sites (7 Sites in Ukraine)) - Prevention of environmental damage (consultations with partners for building of dam on Basca Mare) - Wetlands conservation and restoration (participation in peatland workshop) - Climate change (participation in the meeting of the CC working group, discussion on priorities for projects) Research, monitoring and information system (participation in workshop on systematic exchange and science in decision making, participation in Centralparks project) - CEPA (updated website, promotion of CWI through mass media, presentation on CWI at the meeting of the Slovak Ramsar Committee, consultation on training programme with Czech Ministry of Environment)	

Ramsar			Principles from Resolution	on XIII.9			Successful			
Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (including ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	Strategic Plan and Work Plan	financial sustainability (Resource mobilization)	Capacity building	Key activities	Challenges
Nordic-Baltic Wetlands Initiatives (NorBalWet), 2005	0	Yes	The Coordination Group is composed of the Ramsar National Focal Points from each participating county and it is the decisionmaking body.	Member of the Coordination Group	Host Country provides administrative support	Annual work plan and Strategic Plan aligned with the Convention's Strategic Plan		Capacity building through workshops and training	- Communications (public events)	Weak engagemen of CPs, lack of common projects
Ramsar Regional Initiative on Black and Azov Seas Coastal Wetlands (BlackSeaWet), 2007	7	Yes	The implementing bodies are: the Management Body, the Coordination Unit and the National Working Groups. The responsibilities of the Management Body include taking strategic decisions, and approving and monitoring annual work plans.	Member of Management Body	No detailed information	Annual work plan	No information	through workshops and training	meeting) - Public awareness raising (dissemination of information,	Lack of Funding, weak HR capacity of focal points or RRI

Ramsar			Principles from Resolution	on XIII.9			Successful			
Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (including ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	Plan and sustainal Work Plan (Resou mobiliza	financial sustainability (Resource mobilization)	Capacity building	Key activities	Challenges
Ramsar Regional Initiative for the Senegal River Basin (SenegalWet), 2016		internal regulations)	The governance bodies are: the Commission, the Governing Board, and the Secretariat of the Initiative. The Commission's responsibilities include making decision on directions of the initiatives, approving strategies, programme and work plan, and controlling financial resources.	No detailed information	Managed by Coordinator	plan and	Resource mobilization strategy	through workshops	meeting of SenegalWet in Nouakchott (July 2019) - Meeting of the governance board in Dakar (Nov 2019) - Training sessions for R-METT in Mali and Guinea	Lack of funding Change of chair of the governing body and coordinator of this RRI.
Regional Initiative for the conservation and sustainable use of wetlands in the Amazon River Basin, 2016	7		of which the members are	governance body	Managed by the Ramsar Secretariat under decisions of the coordinator of the Initiative	Annual work plan and Strategic Plan aligned with the Convention's Strategic Plan		Capacity building through workshops	•	COVID 19 restrictions
Ramsar Regional Initiative for Central Asia Initiative (RRI- CA), 2016	4		The decision-making body is the Coordination Committee, which is composed of three key members and six alternatives members from member countries.		Technical Secretary of the RRI-CA (based at CAREC)	Annual work plan and Strategic Plan aligned with the Convention's Strategic Plan	Fundraising	involving 375 participants from 15	assessment, initial engagement	Limited financial resources, COVID-19 restrictions

Ramsar			Principles from Resolution	on XIII.9			Successful			
Regional Initiative (RRI) and year of establishment	No. of countries supporting the RRI	TORs (including ROPs)	Structure and governance	Status/role of the Convention Secretariat	Financial management	Strategic Plan and Work Plan	financial sustainability (Resource mobilization)	Capacity building	Key activities	Challenges
Indo-Burma	5	No	The Steering Committee,	Observer	Managed by IUCN	Annual work	Fundraising	10 training	- IBRRI strategic plan was	COVID-19
Ramsar Regional		(structural	which is composed of the		Asia Regional	plan and		event	launched	restrictions
Initiative (IBRRI),		information	Ramsar Administrative		Office / Senior	Strategic		involving 215	- Training activities (wetland	
2016		is available	Authorities of member		Programme	Plan aligned		participants	policy dialogue, participatory	
		on the	countries, provides		Officer for IUCN	with the		of which 95	assessment for the	
		website)	oversight of the Initiative's			Convention's		technical	management effectiveness,	
			operation.			Strategic		and 120	citizen journalism training)	
			•			Plan		local	- CEPA activities (provision of	
								communities	small grant to local	
								people	governments, publication of	
									web stories) and WWD event	