THE CONVENTION ON WETLANDS 59th Meeting of the Standing Committee Resumed session Gland, Switzerland, 23-27 May 2022

# SC59/2022 Doc.10 Rev.2

# Draft Resolution <u>Review of the fourth Strategic Plan of the Convention on Wetlands, additions for the period</u> <u>COP14-COP15 and key elements for the fifth Strategic Plan</u>

- 1. RECALLING the adoption of *The Ramsar Strategic Plan 2016-2024* by Resolution XII.2 "as the basis for the implementation of the Convention during this period"; and decision by Contracting Parties "to undertake a review of the fourth Strategic Plan at COP14";
- 2. ALSO RECALLING in Resolutions XII.2 and XIII.5 and XIII.7, Contracting Parties recognised that implementation of the Ramsar Strategic Plan makes an important contribution towards the achievement of the Aichi Biodiversity Targets and the Sustainable Development Goals;
- 3. FURTHER RECALLING that, through Resolution XIII.5, *Review of the fourth Strategic Plan of the Ramsar Convention*, Contracting Parties approved the scope and modalities for the review of the fourth Strategic Plan, requested the Standing Committee to establish a Strategic Plan Working Group to conduct the review, and FURTHER INSTRUCTED the CEPA Oversight Panel to coordinate its efforts on a new approach for supporting CEPA implementation with the Strategic Plan Working Group;
- 4. NOTING that the Strategic Plan Working Group's review of the fourth Ramsar Strategic Plan, was informed by a survey of, and consultation with, Contracting Parties and International Organization Partners (IOPs) and other stakeholders, and an analysis of National Reports to COP13;
- 5. FURTHER NOTING the global changes resulting from the pandemic and greater knowledge about the impacts of biodiversity loss and climate change since COP13 reinforces the urgency to arrest the loss of wetlands;
- 6. RECOGNIZING the findings of the Special Edition of the Global Wetland Outlook on the importance of well-managed wetlands to human health and livelihoods, as well as biodiversity and climate solutions through implementation of the Convention; and
- FURTHER RECOGNIZING that the implementation of the Convention is critical for accelerating wetland restoration actions to deliver on global commitments and targets relating to biodiversity, climate change <u>mitigation and adaptation</u>, <del>and</del>-sustainable development in the UN Decade on Ecosystem Restoration and to meet <del>wetland ecosystem</del>-targets of the post-2020 <u>Gg</u>lobal <u>Bb</u>iodiversity <u>F</u>framework <u>relevant to wetlands</u>;

#### THE CONFERENCE OF THE CONTRACTING PARTIES

#### Review of the fourth Ramsar Strategic Plan

- 8. CONFIRMS that implementation of the fourth Ramsar Strategic Plan 2016-2024 by Contracting Parties and IOPs is central to achieving the mission of the Convention, as well as contributing to the Sustainable Development Goals and Global Biodiversity targets <u>and climate change mitigation pathways for wetlands under UNFCCC</u>, and URGES Contracting Parties to continuously monitor progress in implementing the Plan;
- NOTES that the review of the fourth Strategic Plan has identified a number of targets and indicators where some Parties are experiencing challenges with implementation, and INSTRUCTS the Secretariat to publicise any existing Ramsar guidance and target this outreach to those Parties experiencing difficulties;
- 10. FURTHER NOTES the Global Implementation Report to COP14 that highlights the areas of progress and challenges with implementation of the fourth Ramsar Strategic Plan 2016-2024;
- 11. AGREES to adjust the fourth Strategic Plan to add three thematic Annexes, 3-5, to assist Parties implement emerging issues over the final triennium of the Plan, including:
  - Annex 3 Wetland conservation actions to achieve the SDGs' targets,
  - Annex 4 The new CEPA approach and wetland policies and practices, and
  - Annex 5 Gender-responsive wetland policies and practices, to apply Resolution XIII.18.
- 12. FURTHER AGREES to update existing Annex 2 of the fourth Strategic Plan to map the new Global Biodiversity targets to align with the Ramsar Strategic Plan goals and targets;
- ENCOURAGES Parties to consider these annexes in their implementation of the fourth Strategic Plan, allocate from national budgets financial resources <u>according to national circumstances</u> <u>and priorities</u> for this purpose, and include that implementation in their national reporting to the 15th meeting of the Conference of Parties;
- 14. AGREES that the term of the Fourth Strategic Plan be extended from 2024 until the occurrence of COP15 to ensure continuity between successive Strategic Plans.

#### SP5WG proposes to consider this paragraph for DR SC59. Doc.16:

Emphasizes the importance of enhanced international cooperation, including by strengthening capacity building, technical and scientific cooperation, technology transfer and financial assistance to developing country Contracting Parties, to support the implementation of the fourth Strategic Plan in its final triennium.

#### Framework for preparation of the fifth Ramsar Strategic Plan

- 15. REAFFIRMS the Decisions of the 59th Meeting of the Standing Committee (SC59-20, SC59-32) to establish a new Strategic Plan Working Group, and approve a budget to prepare the fifth Strategic Plan and, NOTES the new Working Group has commenced preparatory work to ensure a draft Plan is ready for adoption at COP15;
- 16. FURTHER REAFFIRMS the Convention's wise use principle considers the needs and aspirations of current and future generations;
- 17. AGREES that the Goals of the fourth Ramsar Strategic Plan be retained in the fifth Ramsar

Strategic Plan, to maintain consistency and continuity in reporting, and that targets and actions be framed to deliver <del>critical important</del> wetland contributions to meet global environmental challenges over the implementation period of the new Plan, <u>ensuring adequate means of implementation</u>, and NOTING that wetland ecosystems provide environmental, economic and social benefits that are directly linked to sustainable livelihoods and climat resilience and adaptation;

- 18. FURTHER AGREES that the fifth Strategic Plan will be informed by the Special Edition of the Global Wetland Outlook, the Secretariat's analysis of the national reports to COP14, as well as key <u>agreed</u> elements external to the Convention, Sustainable Development Goals, Global Biodiversity Framework, <u>wetland contributions to the UNFCCC</u>, the UN Decade of Restoration, and any relevant work of IPBES, <del>or</del> the IPCC and the work of other UN bodies and programmes relating to wetlands;
- 19. <u>RECOGNIZES the important role that all individuals, societies and organisations can play and</u> <u>contributions of young people, women in all their diversity, indigenous and local communities,</u> <u>the business sector and all relevant stakeholders in providing solutions to global environmental</u> <u>challenges by wetland conservation and management</u><u>RECOGNISES the critical role of young</u> <u>people, women, Indigenous and local communities, and the business sector in providing</u> <u>solutions to global environmental challenges by wetland conservation and management</u>;

#### SP5WG new paragraph proposal:

AGREES that the process to develop the fifth Strategic Plan be inclusive, transparent and accessible for all relevant stakeholders;

- 20. <u>FURTHER</u> AGREES to use the thematic Annexes to the fourth Strategic Plan in the framing and development of the fifth Strategic Plan; and
- 21. INSTRUCTS the STRP to prioritise its participation in the development of the fifth Strategic Plan as part of its Workplan for 2022-2024.

# ANNEX

# Adjustments to Ramsar Strategic Plan 2016-2024

Add the following Annexes to the current Strategic Plan, to be numbered consecutively after current Annex 1.

# ANNEX 2:

This Annex will be updated using a similar format to map the new CBD Global Biodiversity Framework targets to the Ramsar Strategic Plan Goals and targets.

The Global Biodiversity Framework is expected to be adopted during the resumed fifteenth meeting of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity, May 2022. https://www.cbd.int/conferences/2021-2022

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# ANNEX 3: SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (SDGs)

# Context

The 2030 Agenda and its SDGs provide a roadmap for national and international action from governments, civil society, private sector, and other actors to achieve sustainable development for current and future generations. Wetlands provide a range of values and services such as clean water, food, biodiversity, and infrastructure that sustain livelihoods and local to national economies. Investing in wetlands will result in many co-benefits to nature and society.

The commitment of Parties to the Ramsar Convention on Wetlands to designate Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Sites) and to conserve and use wisely all their wetlands is critical in achieving the SDGs. The Convention thus provides a ready platform to implement the SDGs.

The Fourth Ramsar Strategic Plan (2016-2024) identifies four overarching goals and 19 specific targets that directly support achievement of both the SDGs as well as the Aichi Targets set up by the Convention on Biological Diversity. The integrated nature of the SDGs, Aichi Targets and the Ramsar Strategic Plan call for increased integration and synergies across existing multilateral agendas.

<u>Resolution XIII.7</u> (paras 14-19 and 39-44) captures the breadth of SDG and Ramsar engagement, with the Secretariat further instructed as co-custodian of Goal 6 Indicator 6.6.1 to continue working with Contracting Parties on the completion of national wetland inventories and wetland extent to report on SDG Indicator 6.6.1.

The Secretariat is also instructed to participate as appropriate in relevant international efforts to address the 2030 Goals and specifically Goals <u>14</u> and <u>15</u><sup>1</sup> and Targets <u>14.2</u> and <u>15.1</u> The same Resolution underlined the relevance of SDGs 1, 2, 5, 11 and 13 to the Convention.<sup>2</sup>

Drawing on the Secretariat's "Wetlands and the SDGs – scaling up wetland conservation, wise use and restoration to achieve the SDGs" report, the following table maps where Contracting Parties can further integrate SDGs as part of their practical implementation of the Strategic Plan.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Goal 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas, and marine resources for sustainable development; Goal 15: Protect, restore, and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> FURTHER NOTING that other SDGs that are relevant to the Convention are: SDG 1, "End poverty in all its forms everywhere"; SDG 2, "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture"; SDG 5, "Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls"; SDG 11, "Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable"; and SDG 13, "Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts" [Para 17].

Key Actions to support practical implementation of the SDGs

SP Goals and Targets	Actions to integrate wetlands into SDG	Related SDG	
	Planning Processes	targets	
Goal 1: Addressing the Drivers of Wetland Loss and Degradation			
1. Wetland benefits are featured in national/local policy strategies and plans relating to key sectors such as water, energy, mining, agriculture, tourism, urban development, infrastructure, industry, forestry, aquaculture, fisheries at the national and local level	Adopt policies and practices for the conservation and wise use of wetlands in order to reverse current and future wetland loss and degradation Integrate wetlands conservation, wise use and restoration into diverse sectoral policies, such as agriculture, forestry or urban planning amongst others, to promote their role in meeting multiple objectives.	1.b; 2.4; 6.1; 6.2; 6.5; 8.3; 8.9; 11.3; 11.4; 11.a; 11.b; 13.2; 14.4; 14.5; 14.c; 15.9	
2. Water use respects wetland ecosystem needs for them to fulfil their functions and provide services at the appropriate scale inter alia at the basin level or along a coastal zone.	Scale up wetland interventions. A landscape or watershed approach that considers a larger area can help to consider both the wider ecological processes of wetlands and the human impacts of their loss, and conversely, of their restoration	6.4; 6.5; 6.6	
3. The public and private sectors have increased their efforts to apply guidelines and good practices for the wise use of water and wetlands		2.3; 2.5; 3.9; 6.3; 6.4; 6.5; 6.6; 6.a; 6.b; 8.4; 9.1; 9.5; 11.4; 11.5; 11.6; 11.7; 12.2; 12.6; 14.1; 14.2; 14.3; 14.4; 14.5; 14.7; 14.b; 15.1; 15.2; 15.3; 15.4; 15.5; 15.6; 15.7	
4. Invasive alien species and pathways of introduction and expansion are identified and prioritized, priority invasive alien species are controlled or eradicated, and management responses are prepared and implemented to prevent their introduction and establishment		15.8	
Goal 2: Effectively Conserving and N			
5. The ecological character of Ramsar sites is maintained or restored, through effective planning and integrated management.	Develop multi-stakeholder partnerships as a critical means of implementation for wetland conservation, wise use, and restoration. As such, efforts are necessary to promote these partnerships between different sectors of society in Ramsar Sites.	6.3; 6.4; 6.5; 6.6; 11.3; 11.4; 11.a; 11.b; 13.1; 14.2; 15.1; 15.2; 15.3; 15.4	

SP Goals and Targets	Actions to integrate wetlands into SDG Planning Processes	Related SDG targets
6. There is a significant increase in area, numbers, and ecological connectivity in the Ramsar Site network in particular under- represented types of wetlands including in under-represented ecoregions and transboundary		6.5; 6.6; 11.3; 11.4; 11.a; 11.b; 13.1; 14.2; 15.1; 15.2; 15.3; 15.4
sites 7. Sites that are at risk of change of ecological character have threats addressed.		6.5; 6.6; 11.3; 11.4; 11.a; 11.b; 12.4; 13.1; 14.2; 15.1; 15.2; 15.3; 15.4
<b>Goal 3: Wisely Using All Wetlands</b> 8. National wetland inventories have been initiated, completed, or updated and disseminated and used for promoting the conservation and effective management of all wetlands.	Utilize Ramsar national reports and accompanying reporting mechanisms to provide information for inventories and monitoring related to SDG 6.6.1 and 15.1.	6.6; 11.4; 14.5; 15.1
9. The wise use of wetlands is strengthened through integrated resource management at the appropriate scale, inter alia, within a river basin or along a coastal		1.4; 5.a; 6.5; 8.4; 11.b; 14.7; 14.c
zone. 10. The traditional knowledge, innovations and practices of indigenous peoples and local communities relevant for the wise use of wetlands and their customary use of wetland resources are documented, respected, subject to national legislation and relevant international obligations, and fully integrated and reflected in the implementation of the Convention, with a full and effective participation of indigenous peoples and local communities at all relevant levels	Engage stakeholders at all levels to facilitate integration of wetland conservation, wise use, and restoration into livelihood strategies, thereby ensuring the sustainability of such efforts. In particular, the role and knowledge of local and indigenous communities is increasingly being valued as fundamental to the long-term sustainability of interventions	2.3; 2.5; 5.5; 5.a; 6.b; 12.8; 15.c
11. Wetland functions, services and benefits are widely demonstrated, documented, and disseminated.	Identify clearly the services that wetlands including Ramsar Sites provide for people and the environment when they are being designated to help improve understanding of a Site's values and subsequent proposed actions related to conserving, using and restoring it. Ramsar Sites can be managed as pilot sites for promoting sustainable development	1.5; 14.7; 15.9

SP Goals and Targets	Actions to integrate wetlands into SDG	Related SDG
	Planning Processes	targets
12. Restoration is in progress in	Integrate wetland services in NDCs for the	6.6; 14.2; 14.4;
degraded wetlands, with priority to	Paris Agreement on Climate Change	15.1; 15.2; 15.3
wetlands that are relevant for		
biodiversity conservation, disaster		
risk reduction, livelihoods and/or		
climate change mitigation and adaptation.		
		1
13. Enhanced sustainability of key		1.b; 2.4; 6.5; 8.3;
sectors such as water, energy,		8.9; 11.3; 11.4;
mining, agriculture, tourism, urban		11.a; 11.b; 12b;
development, infrastructure,		13.2; 14.4; 14.5;
industry, forestry, aquaculture, and		14.c; 15.9
fisheries, when they affect wetlands, contributing to		
biodiversity conservation and		
human livelihoods		
14. Scientific guidance and		9.5; 9.a; 14.3; 14.4;
technical methodologies at global		14.5; 17.6
and regional levels is developed on		14.5, 17.0
relevant topics and is available to		
policy makers and practitioners in		
an appropriate format and		
language		
15. Ramsar Regional Initiatives with		1.b; 2.5; 6.5; 6.6;
the active involvement and support		9.1; 11.a; 14.2;
of the Parties in each region are		15.1; 17.6; 17.7;
reinforced and developed into		17.9
effective tools to assist in the full		
implementation of the Convention		
Goal 4: Enhancing Implementation		
16. Wetlands conservation and	Ensure that wetland conservation, wise	2.4; 4.7; 4.a; 6.a;
wise use are mainstreamed	use and restoration are integrated into	11.3; 13.1; 13.3;
through communication, capacity	SDG planning and implementation	15.7; 17.9
development, education,		
participation, and awareness.		
17. Financial and other resources	Increase funding for comprehensive	9.a; 10.6; 15.a;
for effectively implementing the	actions in wetlands including Ramsar Site	15.b; 17.3
four Ramsar Strategic Plan 2016–	to reflect the importance of these sites,	
2024 from all sources are made	not only from a biodiversity point of view,	
available	but also from a sustainable development	
	perspective.	

SP Goals and Targets	Actions to integrate wetlands into SDG	Related SDG
	Planning Processes	targets
18. International cooperation is strengthened at all levels, ( <i>locally</i> , <i>nationally</i> , <i>sub-regionally</i> (for <i>example RRIs</i> ), <i>regionally and</i> <i>globally</i> ).	Seize opportunities and synergies with other sectors, conventions and priorities. An important action is the need to foster collaboration between national focal points for different conventions and focal points for SDG planning and implementation and in particular Statistical Offices to advance broader landscape approaches to conservation and sustainable development related to Ramsar Sites, but also other protected areas such as World Heritage Sites and Biosphere Reserves	1.b; 2.5; 6.5; 6.6; 6.a; 10.6; 12.4; 14.5; 14.c; 15.1; 15.6; 16.8; 17.6; 17.7; 17.9
	Contracting Parties should ensure that their efforts to implement the Ramsar Strategic Plan are integrated into their national SDG plans and implementation	
	Contracting Parties should ensure that reports on progress on the SDGs reflect the contributions of wetlands so that their conservation, wise use and restoration link to the sustainable development agenda.	
19. Capacity building for implementation of the Convention and the 4th Ramsar Strategic Plan 2016 – 2024 is enhanced		2.4; 6.a; 11.3; 13.1; 13.3; 15.c; 17.9

#### Sources and Available Resources

How Wetlands Achieve select SDGs: <u>Scaling up wetland conservation, wise use and restoration to</u> <u>achieve the Sustainable Development Goals</u>.

#### ANNEX 4: NEW APPROACH TO CEPA

# Context

In general, CEPA activities and CEPA elements should be integrated in planning and activities of the Convention (locally, nationally, internationally) where appropriate, with effort focused on a smaller number of high priority activities.

The guidance below provides a pathway for Contracting Parties to work towards building this new approach to CEPA into their implementation of the Convention over the next triennium.

# **General Considerations to support implementation of SP4**

# Support focal points, and build more networks and partnerships

National Focal Points and CEPA National Focal Points are important to ensure a coordinated and strategic national approach to Ramsar implementation. The CEPA Focal Points should be recognized as the key implementers of CEPA and should be provided with adequate tools and training opportunities as appropriate.

Contracting Parties should ensure that the Focal Points are informed about their responsibilities. The Secretariat can provide advice and information to Contracting Parties, for example, introduction materials about Ramsar CEPA work for new CEPA NFPs and CEPA NGO FPs and sharing good examples from other countries.

Contracting Parties with similar CEPA needs are encouraged to co-operate on CEPA activities. Such co-operation can include exchange of experiences of CEPA campaigns as well as working cooperatively to produce communications materials and translating them into languages as needed by the Contracting Parties involved. Contracting Parties should also be encouraged to coordinate with their focal points for other MEAs who are conducting similar work.

Contracting Parties should increase engagement with other sectors, consistent with priorities identified in the strategic plan at the national level. In particular, messaging should be tailored to emphasize themes that matter to the target audience.

Goals and relevant Targets	Implementing the new CEPA Approach	
Goal 1: Addressing the Drivers of Wetland Loss and Degradation		
1. Wetland benefits are featured in national/local policy strategies and plans relating to key sectors such as water, energy, mining, agriculture, tourism, urban development, infrastructure, industry, forestry, aquaculture, fisheries at the national and local level	<ul> <li>Contracting Parties to continue to contribute wetland input to the debate on global policy issues, including the Sustainable Development Goals, the post 2020 Global Biodiversity Framework and efforts to decarbonise under the Paris Accord (including through blue carbon ecosystems).</li> <li>Contracting Parties to identify mechanisms for greater sectoral input to Ramsar and CEPA planning, including recognising the value, experience, and resources of IOPs, NGOs, Contracting Parties and business partners in planning, resourcing, developing, and implementing Ramsar CEPA messages and products.</li> <li>Contracting Parties should increase engagement with sectors that have impact on wetlands, consistent with priorities identified in the strategic plan at the national level. In</li> </ul>	

# Specific considerations to Contracting Parties can apply the new CEPA approach to support implementation of the Strategic Plan

Goals and relevant Targets	Implementing the new CEPA Approach
	particular, messaging should be tailored to emphasize themes that matter to the target audience.
2. Water use respects wetland ecosystem needs for them to fulfil their functions and provide services at the appropriate scale inter alia at the basin level or along a coastal zone.	<ul> <li>Contracting Parties to promote case studies of sustainable urban wetland management including examples from Wetland City Accreditation, and undertake CEPA activities that engage stakeholders and promote wise use and management of their wetlands and their surroundings in a way that both water quality and water quantity are well considered.</li> </ul>
3. The public and private sectors have increased their efforts to apply guidelines and good practices for the wise use of water and wetlands	<ul> <li>Contracting Parties to promote existing Convention guidance and share between CPs practical local guidance best practises and case studies which may be more broadly relevant.</li> <li>Contracting Parties to share best practice case studies.</li> </ul>
4. Invasive alien species and pathways of introduction and expansion are identified and prioritized, priority invasive alien species are controlled or eradicated, and management responses are prepared and implemented to prevent their introduction and establishment	<ul> <li>Contracting Parties, to raise awareness of invasive alien species in wetland ecosystems through the development and dissemination of training and communication materials among the public and private sectors.</li> </ul>
Goal 2: Effectively Conserving and Ma	anaging the Ramsar Site Network
5. The ecological character of Ramsar sites is maintained or restored, through effective planning and integrated management.	<ul> <li>Contracting Parties to integrate CEPA activities in all Ramsar site management plans and/or activity plans.</li> </ul>
7. Sites that are at risk of change of ecological character have threats addressed.	• Contracting Parties to identify current and emerging threats, including the umbrella threat of climate change, and develop, and share between Parties, practical CEPA tools and guidance for managing Ramsar sites and other wetlands in the long-term
<b>Goal 3: Wisely Using All Wetlands</b> 8. National wetland inventories have been initiated, completed, or updated and disseminated and used for promoting the conservation and effective management of all wetlands.	• Contracting Parties communicate the results of national wetland inventories for promoting the conservation and effective management of all wetlands.
9. The wise use of wetlands is strengthened through integrated resource management at the appropriate scale, inter alia, within a river basin or along a coastal zone.	• See Target 1 and Target 13.

Goals and relevant Targets	Implementing the new CEPA Approach	
10. The traditional knowledge, innovations and practices of indigenous peoples and local communities relevant for the wise use of wetlands and their customary use of wetland resources are documented, respected, subject to national legislation and relevant international obligations, and fully integrated and reflected in the implementation of the Convention, with a full and effective participation of indigenous peoples and local communities at all relevant levels	<ul> <li>Contracting Parties to better engage indigenous people in wetland research, planning, management, restoration and CEPA activities (including case studies) as well as promoting the traditional knowledge, innovations and practices of indigenous peoples and local communities relevant for the wise use of wetlands at national and local levels.</li> </ul>	
11. Wetland functions, services and benefits are widely demonstrated, documented, and disseminated.	<ul> <li>Contracting Parties to support Ramsar site managers to develop signage to communicate site values</li> </ul>	
13. Enhanced sustainability of key sectors such as water, energy, mining, agriculture, tourism, urban development, infrastructure, industry, forestry, aquaculture, and fisheries, when they affect wetlands, contributing to biodiversity conservation and human livelihoods	<ul> <li>Contracting Parties to give priority to engaging sectoral decision-makers in integrating wetland values in their planning and decision-making.</li> </ul>	
Goal 4: Enhancing Implementation		
16. Wetlands conservation and wise use are mainstreamed through communication, capacity development, education, participation, and awareness.	<ul> <li>Contracting Parties to build on the effective CEPA activity and engagement achieved through for example World Wetlands Day, Ramsar Regional Initiatives and Wetland Education Centres.</li> <li>Contracting Parties to use networks and structures (Wetland Link International network, Ramsar Regional Initiatives, Wetland Education Centres, Youth Engaged in Wetlands) to improve support of implementing the convention, such as raising awareness, engagement in activities, and capacity-building</li> <li>Contracting Parties to use various media channels which are appropriate for the purpose, such as social media to raise public awareness (and potentially lead to public concern and pressure on decision-makers) along with other approaches to engage sectoral decision-makers.</li> <li>Contracting Parties to identify new communication avenues and opportunities to promote Ramsar goals.</li> </ul>	
18. International cooperation is strengthened at all levels, ( <i>locally,</i> <i>nationally, sub-regionally (for</i> <i>example RRIs), regionally and</i> <i>globally</i> ).	<ul> <li>Contracting Parties with similar CEPA needs to co-operate on CEPA activities. Such co-operation can include exchange of experiences of CEPA campaigns as well as working cooperatively to produce communications materials and translating them into languages as needed by the Contracting Parties involved.</li> <li>Contracting Parties should encourage their Ramsar NFPs to facilitate CEPA activities with their focal points for other MEAs</li> <li>Contracting Parties to ensure that CEPA aspects are considered when planning and developing all Resolutions,</li> </ul>	

Goals and relevant Targets	Implementing the new CEPA Approach	
	<ul> <li>guidance materials, STRP products and other outcomes from the Ramsar Convention.</li> <li>Contracting Parties to investigate opportunities to improve wetland conservation by applying techniques drawn from behavioural economics and psychology and undertaking joint projects with behavioural insights teams or "nudge" units.</li> </ul>	
19. Capacity building for implementation of the Convention and the 4th Ramsar Strategic Plan 2016 – 2024 is enhanced	<ul> <li>Contracting Parties to build an emphasis on capacity- building, to support people with a range of roles in wetland conservation and wise use. This would involve using the expertise of the Scientific and Technical Review Panel (STRP), communications and networking by the Secretariat, and sharing of experiences between Contracting Parties.</li> <li>Contracting Parties to evaluate the reach and effectiveness of activities including CEPA, so that effective approaches are identified, shared, and implemented</li> <li>Contracting Parties should ensure that the Focal Points are informed about their responsibilities. The CEPA Focal Points should be recognized as the key implementers of CEPA and should be provided with adequate tools and training opportunities when necessary.</li> </ul>	

#### **Available Resources**

DR XIV.XX New Approach to CEPA

#### ANNEX 5: GENDER CONSIDERATIONS AND THE RAMSAR CONVENTION

# Context:

Women and men <u>in all their diversity</u> have different levels of access to and control over wetland resources, knowledge and information about their conservation and wise use. This affects how wetlands are managed, as well as rights and customary uses of wetland products and services

Women's roles and knowledge in wetlands management continue to be overlooked and under acknowledged, with social and cultural norms often reinforcing their unequal participation in decision-making. Water collection disproportionately falls on women and girls. Lack of onsite water can increase the vulnerability to violence experienced by women and girls as travel to water sources exposes them to harassment and sexual abuse. On the other hand, increased access to water can increase school attendance and income-generation, reducing gender inequalities and poverty.

Resolution XIII.18 on *Gender and wetlands*, approved at the 13th meeting of the Conference of the Contracting Parties (COP13) in 2018, encourages Parties to mainstream a gender perspective in their implementation of the Convention, and requested the production of guidance on the integration of gender issues in the implementation of the Convention. National Reports to COP14 also included, for the first time, information from Contracting Parties on gender balance in wetland-related activities.

Ramsar Guidance on Mainstreaming Gender has now been published to provide a series of key operational and practical entry points to enhance the mainstreaming of gender equality under the Convention. The guidance below provides a pathway for Contracting Parties seeking to meaningfully integrate gender considerations into implementation of the Convention.

#### General considerations to support implementation of SP4:

Contracting Parties are encouraged to implement the Strategic Plan at national and regional levels by developing national wetlands policies, strategies, action plans, projects, and programmes.

These instruments should intrinsically consider gender-responsive, human rights-based, and intersectional approaches to promote conservation and wise use of wetlands to ensure:

- people-centred governance that respects women in all their diversity and those living in margins of development through full access and control of valuable assets, including land ownership, rights, and economic autonomy.
- Secure equal access to and control of natural resources for women and young women <u>in all</u> <u>their diversity</u> to manage and protect their livelihoods.
- Recognize women and young women <u>in all their diversity</u> as decision-makers and leaders, participating in decision-making processes at all levels in the wise use and conservation of wetlands.

# Building gender considerations into the Strategic Plan

Goals	Gender considerations	Key Targets
Goal 1: Addressing the	Parties recognize that the drivers of	
Drivers of Wetland	wetland degradation intersect with	
Loss and Degradation	and impact gender and other social	
C C	dimensions.	
Goal 2: Effectively	Parties commit themselves to	Target 5.7:
Conserving and	protect and effectively manage	How many Ramsar Sites have cross-
Managing the Ramsar	existing Ramsar Sites and enable	sectoral management committee that
Site Network	full and effective participation of	enables participatory and inclusive
	stakeholders, including women- in	decision making with women - in all
	all their diversity, youth, indigenous	their diversity, youth and indigenous
	peoples and local communities.	peoples represented.
Goal 3: Wisely Using	Parties address wetlands beyond	Target 10:
All Wetlands	those currently included in the	The traditional knowledge,
	Ramsar Site network.	innovations and practices of
	Mainstreaming gender	indigenous peoples and local
	specifications in a wide range of	communities, especially those of
	sectors and with a broad array of	women in all their diversity, relevant
	actors will help to ensure the	for the wise use of wetlands and their
	success of this effort.	customary use of wetland resources
		are documented, respected, subject to
		national legislation and relevant
		international obligations, and fully
		integrated and reflected in the
		implementation of the Convention,
		with a full and effective participation
		of indigenous peoples and local
		communities at all relevant levels.
Goal 4: Enhancing	Parties ensure that communication	Target 16: Mainstream wetland
Implementation	strategies and materials should	conservation and wise use with a
	reflect women's perceptions, needs,	gender-responsive approach through
Paragraph 11 of	and perspectives. Particular	capacity development, education,
Resolution XIII.18	attention should be placed on the	participation, and awareness.
encourages "to	selection of communication	
consider how different	channels that are most appropriate	Note: The new CEPA Approach
genders are reflected in	for women.	includes mainstreaming gender
wetland		equality as an activity.
communication	Parties themselves, and in	
material in order to	partnership with other Parties and	
promote equal	other entities, should take a gender	
representation and	equality responsive approach with	
fairness".	regard to scientific and technical	
	advice and guidance, resource	
	mobilization, public awareness,	
	visibility and capacity building.	
	All major environmental finance	
	mechanisms now have gender	
	policies, action plans and gender	
	mandates that must be complied	
	with to secure funding.	

## Available Resources:

The guidance provides Contracting Parties to the Convention with a series of key operational and practical entry points to enhance the mainstreaming of gender equality under the Convention and presents several case studies on the value of taking a gender-sensitive approach to the wise use and management of wetlands. The document is available for download:

<u>https://www.ramsar.org/document/guidance-on-mainstreaming-gender-under-the-ramsar-convention-on-wetlands-0</u>.