
Contracting Party: The Islamic Republic of Iran

Designated Ramsar Administrative Authority

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Ramsar Strategic Plan - General Objective 1
To progress towards universal membership of the Convention.

1.1 Describe any actions your government has taken (such as hosting regional or subregional meetings/consultations, working cooperatively with neighbouring countries on transfrontier wetland sites) to encourage others to join the Convention.

Since 1996 (the time of the 6th COP), the Department of Environment has hosted the visit of the Secretary General of the Ramsar Convention in Ramsar city in 1998.

We also cooperate with the “Third Meeting of Siberian Crane Range States” in December 1998 in Ramsar Hotel. A short training course was held for wetlands specialist experts in January 1998 with about 12 participants.

Ramsar Strategic Plan - General Objective 2
To achieve the wise use of wetlands by implementing and further developing the Ramsar Wise Use Guidelines.

2.1 Has a National Wetland Policy/Strategy/Action Plan been developed, or is one being developed or planned for the near future? If so:

a. What are/will be its main features?

b. Was it, or is it, intended that the Policy/Strategy/Action Plan be adopted by the whole of Government, the Minister responsible for Ramsar matters or through some other process. Please describe.

c. How does it relate/will it relate to other national environmental/conservation planning initiatives (e.g., National Environmental Action Plans, National Biodiversity Action Plans, National Conservation Strategies)?

Wetlands conservation policy in Iran is based on the conservation of all internationally important wetlands.

Protection of these wetlands during the 3rd national development programme is the basic aim of the Department of Environment. This activity is incorporated with the conservation of animal biodiversity and plants’ rare species.

2.2 If a policy is in place, how much progress has been made in its implementation, and what are the major difficulties being encountered in doing so?

Wetlands conservation policy is included in the 3rd development programme and it is in the preparation and approval stage.

2.3 If a Policy/Strategy/Action Plan is in place, is the responsibility for implementing it with:

a. a single Government Ministry,

b. a committee drawn from several Ministries, or

c. a cross-sectoral committee?
The main Policy of wetlands conservation and management is carried out by the Department of Environment. However, we have an agreement with the National Fisheries Organisation for cooperation in the management of some wetlands.

2.4 For countries with Federal systems of Government, are there Wetland Policies/Strategies/Plans in place, being developed or planned for the provincial/state or regional levels of Government? Yes/No

If yes, please give details.

The Islamic Republic of Iran is not a federal government, therefore, total conservation policies are planned with the government and the Department of Environment.

2.5 Has a review of legislation and practices which impact on wetlands been carried out, and if so, has this resulted in any changes which assist with implementation of the Ramsar Convention? Please describe these.

There is no new legislation for wetlands conservation because we have a complete legislation regarding wetlands conservation.

2.6 Describe the efforts made in your country to have wetlands considered in integrated land/water and coastal zone planning and management processes at the following levels:

a. national
b. provincial
c. local

Policy-making occurs at the national level, management in provinces and implementation at the local level. The Department of Environment supervises the whole process.

2.7 Have there been any publications produced, or practices documented, which could assist other countries to promote and improve the application of the Ramsar Wise Use of Wetlands Guidelines? Yes/No

No.

If Yes, please provide details and copies.

2.8 Noting COP6 Recommendation 6.14 relating to toxic chemicals and pollution, please advise of the actions taken since then “to remedy and to prevent pollution impacts affecting Ramsar sites and other wetlands” (Operative paragraph 9).

There are some studies. In relation to pollution, the Caspian sea shores have shown the impacts of pollution close to Ramsar and some other regions.

2.9 Describe what steps have been taken to incorporate wetland economic valuation techniques into natural resource planning and assessment actions.

None.
2.10 Is Environmental Impact Assessment for actions potentially impacting on wetlands required under legislation in your country? Yes/No

Yes.

2.11 Is wetland restoration and rehabilitation considered a priority in your country? Yes/No.

If Yes, describe the actions that have been taken to identify wetlands in need of these actions and to mobilise resources for restoration or rehabilitation.

Yes. There is an ecological survey programme to identify the important wetlands rehabilitation requirements.

2.12 Describe what actions have been taken to “encourage active and informed participation of local communities, including indigenous people, and in particular women, in the conservation and wise use of wetlands.” (refer to Actions 2.7.1-4 in the Strategic Plan).

The Department of Environment supports the Women’s Environment Society, because women play an essential role in the conservation of the environment. Provincial Environment offices discuss with local people about the conservation of wetlands and support them for this purpose.

2.13 Describe what actions have been taken to “encourage involvement of the private sector in the conservation and wise use of wetlands” (refer to Actions 2.8.1-4 in the Strategic Plan). Has this included a review of fiscal measures (taxation arrangements, etc.) to identify and remove disincentives and introduce incentives for wetlands conservation and wise use? Yes/No.

If yes, please provide details.

- Ramsar Strategic Plan - General Objective 3

To raise awareness of wetland values and functions throughout the world and at all levels

3.1 Is there a government-run national programme for Education and Public Awareness in your country which focuses on, or includes, wetlands? Yes/No? If yes, what are the priority actions under this programme and who are the target groups? (Refer also to question 9.4)

Educational programmes for conservation of the environment and wetlands are usually carried out by radio and television. In relation to this, educational books and another materials for students and young people are regularly published.

3.2 Describe the steps taken to have wetlands issues and Ramsar’s Wise Use principles included as part of the curricula of educational institutions. Has this been at all levels of education (primary, secondary, tertiary and adult)? Please give details.

Establishment of Environmental sciences fields in universities, specially in Islamic Azad University is one of the wetlands conservation measures, and its aim is to raise the environmental awareness among students and young people. At present, some doctoral degrees are being taught in the above-mentioned university.
Ramsar Strategic Plan - General Objective 4
To reinforce the capacity of institutions in each Contracting Party to achieve conservation and wise use of wetlands.

4.1 Describe the mechanisms in place, or being introduced, to increase cooperation between the various institutions responsible for actions which can have an impact on the conservation and wise use of wetlands. If one of the mechanisms is a National Ramsar/Wetlands Committee, please describe its composition, functions and *modus operandi*.

A research council has been established in the Department of Environment, comprising some organisations such as Fisheries Department, some universities, and Forestry Department. The main duty of this of council is to plan and research about natural resources and wetlands issues. But, up to now, no special committee has established for the Ramsar Convention yet.

4.2 Of the following, indicate which have been undertaken:

a. a review to identify the training needs of institutions and individuals concerned with the conservation and wise use of wetlands Yes/No? If yes, please indicate the major findings of the review.

No.

b. a review to identify training opportunities for these people both within your country and in other countries. Yes/No?

No.

c. the development of training modules or a training programme specifically for wetland managers. If yes, please give details.

No.

d. people from your country have gained wetland-related training either within or outside the country. Yes/No? If yes, please give details.

No.

Ramsar Strategic Plan - General Objective 5
To ensure the conservation of all sites included in the List of Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar List).

5.1 Of the Ramsar sites in your country, how many have formal management plans:

a. being prepared?
b. fully prepared?
c. being implemented?
Please indicate in the attached table of Ramsar sites which sites these are and what category they fall into.

An integrated management plan was prepared for Urumiyeh Lake National Park and is at the approval stage.

5.2 Of the management plans referred to above, which ones have included a monitoring scheme or programme to allow changes in ecological character to be detected? Please indicate this in the attached table of Ramsar sites also.

Monitoring activities are carried out in the wetlands under conservation (protected wetlands), and ordinary regulations of the Department of Environment are implemented for other wetlands.

5.3 Has there been a change in the ecological character (either positive or negative) at any of your Ramsar sites or is this likely to occur in the near future? Yes/No. If Yes, please give details.

No further changes occurred in the ecological conditions of Ramsar sites except of the wetland sites on the Montreux Record.

5.4 In the case of Montreux Record Ramsar sites where the Management Guidance Procedure has been applied, what is the status of the implementation of the MGP report recommendations? What is the expected time-frame for removing the site from the Montreux Record?

A preparatory study is beginning in connection with the Montreux Record wetlands.

5.5 For those countries referred to in COP6 Recommendations 6.17.1-4, “Ramsar sites in the Territories of Specific Contracting Parties”, please provide advice on the actions that have been taken in response to the issues raised at that time.

Iran is not in this list.

Ramsar Strategic Plan - General Objective 6
To designate for the Ramsar List those wetlands which meet the Convention’s criteria, especially wetland types still under-represented in the List and transfrontier wetlands.

6.1 Has a national inventory of wetlands been prepared for your country? Yes/No.

No.

If no, are there plans for this to be done? Yes/No.

Where a national inventory exists please provide details of when it was finalised, where it is kept and what information it contains.

6.2 Does there exist a list or directory of “important” wetlands for your country or region? Yes/No.
If yes, please provide details of when it was finalised, where it is kept, what criteria for “important” were used, and the types of information it contains.

These information can be found in “A Directory of Wetlands in the Middle East” written by Dr. Scott.

6.3 If it is known, please provide an estimate of the area of wetlands in your country at present and any information on rates of loss or conversion to other activities.

If this information is available, please indicate what definition of “wetland” was used.

There are about 2 million hectares of wetlands in Iran, of which about 1.5 million hectares are inland sites and the rest are coastal wetlands.

6.4 Have any actions been taken in response to the COP6 Resolutions and Recommendations that Contracting Parties should give priority to listing Wetlands of International Importance which:
   a. meet the criteria for fish habitat (Resolution VI.2),
   b. meet the 1% criterion for waterbird populations using data provided by the International Waterfowl Census (Resolution VI.4),
   c. are subterranean karst or cave wetland systems (Resolution VI.5),
   d. are peatland ecosystems (Recommendation 6.1)
   e. are coral reefs and associated systems (Recommendation 6.7)
   f. are under-represented wetland types (which apart from d. and e. above include mangroves and sea grass beds) (Strategic Plan Action 6.2.3)

Yes/No? If yes, please describe these actions.

No adequate works have been implemented.

6.5 If your government indicated at COP6 that it would be proceeding to list further specific sites, please advise of the status of this action.

Gomishan wetlands and Hure Baho Kalat Govater Bay are being studied for inclusion in the Ramsar list.

6.6 Please advise which of the sites included in the Ramsar List from your country are transfrontier wetlands (Refer also to 7.1).

Human wetland is located between the Iran and Afghanistan borders. Gomishan is between Iran and Turkmenistan, and Hure Baho Kalat Govater Bay between Iran and Pakistan.

6.7 Describe any plans, or actions being taken for further transfrontier sites to be listed (Refer also to 7.1).

Ramsar Strategic Plan - General Objective 7
To mobilise international cooperation and financial assistance for wetland conservation and wise use in collaboration with other conventions and agencies, both governmental and non-governmental.
7.1 Briefly describe any bilateral or multilateral activities that have been taken, are under way, or are planned for the management of transfrontier wetlands or their watersheds/catchments (Refer also to 6.6 and 6.7).

No special activity has been carried out.

7.2 Do you have Ramsar sites that are “twinned” with others, either nationally or internationally? Yes/No.

Human Gomishan and Hure Baho Kalat wetlands are under jurisdiction of Iran, Turkmenistan, Pakistan and Afghanistan.

If yes, please give details.

7.3 Where your country is also a signatory of any of the following Conventions, describe what mechanism(s) exist to assist regular dialogue and cooperative actions between the personnel responsible for their implementation and the Ramsar Administrative Authority:

a. Convention on Biological Diversity

b. Framework Convention on Climate Change

c. Convention to Combat Desertification

d. Convention on Migratory Species

e. World Heritage Convention

We are a member of the Convention on Biodiversity and also have close cooperation with the Convention on Migratory Species (C.M.S.)

7.4 Is your country co-operating as part of any bilateral or multilateral activities directed at the conservation of migratory wetland species? Yes/No.

Yes.

If yes, please provide details.

Iran has cooperation with Bonn Convention as follows:
Memorandum of understanding about Siberian Crane.
Memorandum of understanding Slender-billed curlews.
Memorandum of understanding Houbara bustard.

7.5 Are there multilateral and/or bilateral donors supporting projects which contribute to implementation of the Ramsar Convention in your country? Yes/No.

No.

If yes, please provide details.

7.6 Does your government make an annual budgetary allocation to support the conservation and wise use of wetlands within your country? Yes/No.

Yes.
If yes, is this a specific allocation to a wetlands programme or as part of a larger environment or natural resource management budget?

There is a project titled “Ecological studies and sustainable utilisation of Ramsar sites” that will end in 2000 and its budget is separate.

7.7 If your country has a development assistance programme, does it include funds earmarked for wetland conservation and wise use in other countries? Yes/No. If yes, please give details.

We have a sustainable development strategy in Iran and environmental impact assessments are carried out with all development projects.

7.8 Is there a formal process in place for consultation between the Ramsar Administrative Authority and the development assistance programme in your country, where one exists? Yes/No

No.

If yes, what is that process.

Ramsar Strategic Plan - General Objective 8
To provide the Convention with the required institutional mechanisms and resources.

8.1 Has your government made voluntary financial contributions, other than the invoiced contributions or to the Small Grants Fund, to further the work of the Convention globally? Yes/No.

No.

If yes, please provide details.

8.2 If your country is in arrears with the payment of its annual contributions to the Ramsar Convention, please indicate the reasons for this situation and the prospects for paying these arrears in the near future.

No information.
Optional section - Participation of non-government organisations in the implementation of the Convention

These are optional questions relating to cooperation with and involvement of non-government organisations in the implementation of the Convention.

At COP6 some 42 NGOs made the “Brisbane NGO pledge of support for the Ramsar Convention”. The Standing Committee agreed that for COP7 there should be an effort made to gauge the level and type of cooperation which is occurring between government Administrative Authorities and the national and international NGOs with an interest in wetlands issues.

In this optional section of the National Report, you are asked to describe the nature of the cooperation and relationship with any other international, regional, national and provincial NGOs operating within your country.

9.1 Approximately how many NGOs have wetlands as part of their regular “business” in your country?

Please break this down between international, regional and national/provincial organisations.

There is no special NGO for wetland conservation.

9.2 Is there a regular forum or mechanism through which these NGOs express their views on wetland conservation and Ramsar implementation:
   a. to each other? Yes/No
      
      No.

      b. to the government? Yes/No
      
      No.

      If yes in either case, please give details.

9.3 Does your government include one or more NGO representatives on its official delegation to Ramsar COPs? Yes/No

      No.

9.4 Do any of the NGOs run programmes aimed at Education and Public Awareness about wetlands in your country? Yes/No. If yes, please give details (Refer also to question 3.1).

      No.

9.5 Where they exist, do Ramsar site management advisory committees include NGO representatives? If yes, please give details

      No.

9.6 Describe the themes of the Convention (refer to General Objectives 1-8 of the Strategic Plan) where you perceive the national/provincial NGOs to be most active.

      No.
Final comments:

10.1 General comments on implementation of the Ramsar Strategic Plan.

A special budget for implementation of the strategic plan for developing countries will be useful.

10.2 Observations concerning the functioning of, relations with, and services provided by:
   a. The Ramsar Standing Committee
   b. The Ramsar Scientific and Technical Review Panel
   c. The Ramsar Bureau
   d. The Ramsar NGO partners

Iran is the Alternate Representative for Asia on the Ramsar Standing Committee.

10.3 Any other general observations and/or recommendations for the future.

There is no special recommendation.