

NATIONAL REPORT ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RAMSAR CONVENTION ON WETLANDS

National Reports to be submitted to the 12th Meeting of the Conference of the Contracting Parties, Uruguay, 2015

Please submit the completed National Report in Microsoft Word format (.doc, 97-2003), as an electronic file (not a printed copy) and preferably by e-mail, to Alexia Dufour, Regional Affairs Officer, Ramsar Secretariat (dufour@ramsar.org) by 1 September 2014.

The structure of the COP12 National Report Format

The COP12 National Report Format (NRF) is in four sections:

Section 1 provides the institutional information about the Administrative Authority and National Focal Points for the national implementation of the Convention.

Section 2 is a 'free-text' section in which the Party is invited to provide a summary of various aspects of national implementation progress and recommendations for the future.

Section 3 provides the 66 implementation indicator questions, grouped under each Convention implementation strategy in the Strategic Plan 2009-2015, and with an optional 'free-text' section under each indicator question in which the Contracting Party may, if it wishes, add further information on national implementation of that activity.

Section 4 is an optional annex to allow any Contracting Party that so wishes to provide additional information regarding any or all of its Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Sites).

General guidance for completing and submitting the COP12 National Report Format

IMPORTANT – PLEASE READ THIS GUIDANCE SECTION BEFORE STARTING TO COMPLETE THE NATIONAL REPORT FORMAT

- 1. All Sections of the COP12 NRF should be completed in one of the Convention's official languages (English, French, Spanish).
- 2. The deadline for submission of the completed NRF is **1 September 2014**. It will not be possible to include information from National Reports received after that date in the analysis and reporting on Convention implementation to COP12.
- All fields with a pale yellow background ______ are free-text fields in which to provide additional information, if the Contracting Party so wishes. Although providing information in these fields is optional, Contracting Parties are encouraged to provide such additional information wherever possible and relevant, as it helps us understand Parties' progress and activity more fully, to prepare the best possible global and regional implementation reports to COP.
- 5. The Format is created as a form in Microsoft Word. You are only able to submit replies and information in the yellow or green boxes, as all other parts of the form are locked to ensure that the structure and wording of indicators will remain uniform and comparable for all Parties.
- 6. To select a yellow or green field you wish to complete, move the cursor over the relevant part of the form and left-click the mouse. The cursor will automatically move to the next field available.
- 7. To move down through the sequence of fields, you can also use the 'Tab' key on the computer keyboard.

- 8. For a 'free-text' field, you can type in whatever information you wish. Note that there is only limited facility within the Microsoft 'form' format to make editorial changes in the 'free-text' box once text has been entered. Therefore, if you wish to amend any of the text you have put in a green or yellow 'free-text' box, you should cut and paste the existing text into a separate document, make all the amendments, and then cut and paste the revised text back into the box.
- 9. Certain keyboard characters interfere with the automatic entry of data into the Secretariat's database. For that reason, please **do not use double quote marks ""** in the 'free-text' fields. Please **only use single quote marks "**. For the same reason, please **only use simple text in the 'free-text' fields**: they cannot accept formatting, colours or objects such as tables and images.
- 10. For each of the 'indicator questions' in Section 3, a drop-down menu of answer options is provided. These vary between indicators, depending on the question, but are generally of the form: 'Yes', 'No', 'Partly', 'In progress'. This is necessary so that statistical comparisons can be made of the replies.
- 11. For each indicator question you can choose only one answer. If you wish to provide further information or clarification, do so in the green additional information box below the relevant indicator question. Please be as concise as possible (maximum of 500 words in each free-text box).
- 12. To select an answer to an indicator question, use the Tab key, or move the cursor over the relevant yellow box and left-click the mouse. The drop-down menu of answer options will appear. Left-click the mouse on the answer option you choose, and this will appear in the centre of the yellow box.
- 13. An NRF is not usually completed by one person alone: for many indicators it is best for the principal compiler to consult with colleagues in their agency and others within the government and, as appropriate, with NGOs and other stakeholders who might have fuller knowledge of aspects of the Party's overall implementation of the Convention. The principal compiler can save the document at any point and return to it later to continue or to amend answers. Compilers should refer back to the National Report submitted for COP11 to ensure the continuity and consistency of information provided.
- 14. After each session, **remember to save the file** in Microsoft Word, .doc, 97-2003 format. A recommended filename structure is: COP12NRF [Country] [date], for example: COP12NRFSpain13July2014.doc
- 15. After the NRF has been completed, please send it in this format to Alexia Dufour, Regional Affairs Officer, Ramsar Convention Secretariat, preferably by e-mail (dufour@ramsar.org).
- 16. The completed NRF must be accompanied by a letter or e-mail message in the name of the Head of Administrative Authority, confirming that this is the Contracting Party's official submission of its COP12 National Report.
- 17. If you have any questions or problems, please contact the Ramsar Secretariat for advice (email as above).

NATIONAL REPORT TO RAMSAR COP12

SECTION 1: INSTITUTIONAL INFORMATION

Important note: the responses below will be considered by the Ramsar Secretariat as the definitive list of your focal points, and will be used to update the information it holds. The Secretariat's current information about your focal points is available at www.ramsar.org/contacts_en.

NAME OF CONTRACTING PARTY: CROATIA				
MAINE OF CONTINOTANTI. CHOATIA				
DES	DESIGNATED RAMSAR ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITY			
Name of Administrative Authority:	Ministry of the Environmental and Nature Protection			
Head of Administrative Authority - name and title:	Mr. Mihael Zmajlović, minister			
Mailing address:	Republike Austrije 14, 10000 Zagreb			
Telephone/Fax:	+385 1 3717 175/+385 1 3717 149			
Email:	ministar@mzoip.hr			
DESIGNATED N	ATIONAL FOCAL POINT FOR RAMSAR CONVENTION MATTERS			
Name and title:	Ms. Marijana Jurić, senior expert adviser			
Mailing address:	Nature Protection Directorate, Savska cesta 41, Zagreb			
Telephone/Fax:	+385 1 4866 145/+385 1 4866 100			
Email:	marijana.juric@mzoip.hr			
DESIGNATED NATION	AL FOCAL POINT FOR MATTERS RELATING TO THE SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL REVIEW PANEL (STRP)			
Name and title:	To be nominated			
Name of organisation:				
Mailing address:				
Telephone/Fax:				
Email:				
	NMENT NATIONAL FOCAL POINT FOR MATTERS RELATING TO THE MUNICATION, EDUCATION, PARTICIPATION AND AWARENESS (CEPA)			
Name and title:	To be nominated			
Name of organisation:				
Mailing address:				
Telephone/Fax:				
Email:				
DESIGNATED NON-GOVERNMENT NATIONAL FOCAL POINT FOR MATTERS RELATING TO THE PROGRAMME ON COMMUNICATION, EDUCATION, PARTICIPATION AND AWARENESS (CEPA)				
Name and title:	To be nominated			
Name of organisation:				
Mailing address:				
Telephone/Fax:				
Email:				

SECTION 2: GENERAL SUMMARY OF NATIONAL IMPLEMENTATION PROGRESS AND CHALLENGES

REMINDER: Please do not use double quote marks "": use single quotes '' instead.

In your country, in the past triennium (i.e., since COP11 reporting):

- A. What have been the five most successful aspects of implementation of the Convention?
 - 1) Proclamation of the new Ramsar site Vransko jezero Nature Park
 - 2) Proclamation of the new UNESCO Transboundary Biosphere Reserve Mura Drava Danube (Croatia Hungary) which includes Kopački rit Nature Park (Ramsar site)
 - 3) Proclamation of the Natura 2000 which includes all Ramsar sites (stronger legal instrument which ensures protection of these sites, specially for sites which are not protected according the Article 111. of the Nature Protection Act (Official Gazette, 80/2013) and also other important wetlands
 - 4) Implementation of projects involving wetlands
 - 5) State Institute of Nature Protection prepared Report on the state of nature for past five years which is basis for new Strategy and Action Plan for the Nature Protection in Republic of Croatia, document which will take into account wetland issues
- B. What have been the five greatest difficulties in implementing the Convention?
 - 1) Lack of staff and financial resources
 - 2) The concept of wetland is wide and involves many stakeholders and processes
 - 3) Role and meaning of the Ramsar Convention is not clear and valued
 - 4) Lack of STRP and CEPA Focal Points
 - 5) Lack of networking, coordination and common working methods
- C. What are the five priorities for future implementation of the Convention?
 - 1) Establishment of the National Ramsar Committe
 - 2) Extention of the UNESCO Transboundary Biosphere Reserve Mura Drava Danube (Slovenia, Serbia and Austria)
 - 3) Designation of the STRP and CEPA Focal Points
 - 4) Updating the information on an existing Ramsar sites, using the new RIS format
 - 5) To promote strategic networking and cooperation at a national, regional and international level
- D. Do you (AA) have any recommendations concerning implementation assistance from the Ramsar Secretariat?
- E. Do you (AA) have any recommendations concerning implementation assistance from the Convention's International Organisation Partners (IOPs)? (including ongoing partnerships and partnerships to develop)
- F. How can national implementation of the Ramsar Convention be better linked with implementation of other multilateral environmental agreements (MEAs), especially those in the 'biodiversity cluster' (Ramsar, Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD), Convention



.....

G. How can implementation of the Ramsar Convention be better linked with the implementation of water policy/strategy and other strategies in the country (e.g., on sustainable development, energy, extractive industries, poverty reduction, sanitation, food security, biodiversity)?

Through further improvement and development of cooperation with nacional authorities in charge of water management, land use planning and usage of the natural resources

- H. Do you (AA) have any other general comments on the implementation of the Convention?
- I. Please list the names of the organisations which have been consulted on or have contributed to the information provided in this report:

National focal point fulfilled Report itself but she is in constant contact with other colleagues from the Ministry of Environmental and Nature Protection and other Ministries, State Institute for Nature Protection, Public Institutions managing Ramsar sites and other protected areas, WWF

SECTION 3: INDICATOR QUESTIONS AND FURTHER IMPLEMENTATION INFORMATION

REMINDER: Guidance for completing this section

1.	For each	ch 'indicato	r question',	please	select one	answer	from the	'drop-down'	list in the	yellow
	box.									

- 2. If you wish to add any additional information on a specific indicator, please provide this information in the green 'free-text' boxes below the indicator questions.
- 3. If you wish to amend any of the text you have put in a green 'free-text' box, you should cut and paste the existing text into a separate file, make the amendments, and then cut and paste the revised text back into the green box.
- 4. Some characters used in the free text box prevent the automatic data entry into our database National Reports. For that reason, please do not use double quote marks "" in the free text boxes. Use single quotes ''. Text in the 'free text' boxes should be simple text only: they cannot accept formatting, colours or objects such as tables and images.
- 5. To help Contracting Parties refer to relevant information they provided in their National Report to COP11, for each appropriate indicator a cross-reference is provided to the equivalent indicator(s) in the COP11 NRF, shown thus: {x.x.x}
- 6. Where appropriate, a cross-reference is also provided to the relevant Key Result Area (KRA) relating to Contracting Parties implementation in the Strategic Plan 2009-2015.
- 7. Only Strategic Plan 2009-2015 Strategies and KRAs for which there are significant implementation actions for Contracting Parties are included in this reporting format; those parts of the Strategic Plan that do not refer directly to Parties are omitted.

GOAL 1. THE WISE USE OF WETLANDS

STRATEGY 1.1 Wetland inventory and assessment. Describe, assess and monitor the extent and condition of all types of wetlands as defined by the Ramsar Convention and wetland resources at relevant scales, in order to inform and underpin implementation of the Convention, in particular in the application of its provisions concerning the wise use of all wetlands.

1.1.1 Does your country have a comprehensive National Wetland Inventory? {1.1.1} KRA 1.1.i

A - Yes

1.1.1 Additional information:

Inventory of the wetlands has been completed through the project finished in 2004.

1.1.2 Is wetland inventory data and information maintained and made accessible to all stakeholders? {1.1.2} KRA 1.1.ii

C - Partly

1.1.2 Additional information:

Information and list of wetlands on web site of the State Institute for Nature Protection as a result of a project from 2004. but a new list should be done.

- 1.1.3 Has the condition* of wetlands in your country, overall, changed since the last triennium? {1.1.3}
 - a) Ramsar Sites
 - b) wetlands generally

Please comment on the sources of the information on which your answer is based in the green free- text box below. If there is a difference between inland and coastal wetland situations, please describe. If you are able to, please describe the principal driver(s) of the change(s).

- * 'Condition' corresponds to ecological character, as defined by the
- Convention
- 1.1.3 Additional information on a) and/or b):

a) O - No change

b) O - No change

STRATEGY 1.3 Policy, legislation and institutions. Develop and implement policies, legislation, and practices, including growth and development of appropriate institutions, in all Contracting Parties, to ensure that the wise use provisions of the Convention are being effectively applied.

1.3.1 Is a National Wetland Policy (or equivalent instrument) in place? {1.3.1} KRA 1.3.i

A - Yes

(If 'Yes', please give the title and date of the policy in the green text box)

1.3.1 Additional information:

Nature Protection Act (Official Gazette, 80/2013), Regulation of the Ecological Network (OG 124/2013), Strategy and Action Plan fot the Protection of Biological and Landscape Diversity (OG 143/2008), new Strategy and Action Plan for the Nature Protection is in progress, European Union Habitat, Birds and Water Framework Directives

- 1.3.2 Have wetland issues been incorporated into other national strategies and planning processes, including:
 - a) Poverty eradication strategies
 - b) Water resource management and water efficiency plans
 - c) Coastal and marine resource management plans
 - d) National forest programmes
 - e) National strategies for sustainable development
 - f) National policies or measures on agriculture
 - g) National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plans drawn up under the CBD

{1.3.3} KRA 1.3.i

- Z Not applicable
- b) A Yes
- c) A Yes
- d) A Yes
- e) A Yes
- f) A-Yes
- g) A Yes

1.3.2 Additional information:

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1.3.3 Are Strategic Environmental Assessment practices applied when reviewing policies, programmes and plans that may impact upon wetlands? {1.3.4} KRA 1.3.ii

A - Yes

1.3.3 Additional information:

SEA is procedure defined by the Law on Environmental Protection, SEA includes the ecological network impact assessment, procedure used to assess whether there is a probability that the implementation of a plan, programme or project in the ecological network area, which by itself or in combination with other plans, programmes or projects may have a significant impact on the conservation objectives and integrity of the ecological network area.

1.3.4 Are Environmental Impact Assessments made for any development projects (such as new buildings, new roads, extractive industry) that may affect wetlands,? {1.3.5} KRA 1.3.iii

A - Yes

1.3.4 Additional information:

According to the Environmental Protection Act there is provision prescibing that for development projects EIA must be made. Nature Protection Act defines procedure concerning assessment of the potential impact on the Natura 2000 ecological network.

1.3.5 Have any amendments to existing legislation been made to reflect Ramsar commitments? {1.3.6}

B - No

1.3.5 Additional information:

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STRATEGY 1.4: Cross-sectoral recognition of wetland services. Increase recognition of and attention in decision-making to the significance of wetlands for reasons of biodiversity conservation, water supply, coastal protection, integrated coastal zone management, flood defence, climate change mitigation and/or adaptation, food security, poverty eradication, tourism, cultural heritage, and scientific research, by developing and disseminating methodologies to achieve wise use of wetlands.

1.4.1 Has an assessment been made of the ecosystem benefits/services provided by Ramsar Sites? {1.4.1} KRA 1.4.ii	C - Partly
1.4.1 Additional information:	
1.4.2 Have wetland programmes or projects that contribute to poverty alleviation objectives or food and water security plans been implemented? {1.4.2} KRA 1.4.i	Z - Not applicable
1.4.2 Additional information:	

1.4.3 Have socio-economic and cultural values of wetlands been included in the management planning for Ramsar Sites and other wetlands? {1.4.4} KRA 1.4.iii

A - Yes

1.4.3 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Partly', please indicate, if known, how many Ramsar Sites and their names):

In the management planning process socio - economic and cultural values are taken into accout, but also in the SEA and EIA procedures.

STRATEGY 1.5 Recognition of the role of the Convention. Raise the profile of the Convention by highlighting its capacity as a unique mechanism for wetland ecosystem management at all levels; promote the usefulness of the Convention as a possible implementation mechanism to meet the goals and targets of other global conventions and processes.

1.5.1 Since COP11, have you brought the 'Changwon Declaration' (Resolution X.3) to the attention of your:

a. head of state

b. parliament

c. private sector

d. civil society {1.5.2}

a. B-No

b. B-No

c. B-No

d. B-No

1.5.1 Additional information:

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STRATEGY 1.6 Science-based management of wetlands. Promote successful implementation of the wise use concept by ensuring that national policies and wetland management plans are based on the best available scientific knowledge, including technical and traditional knowledge.

1.6.1 Has research to inform wetland policies and plans been undertaken in your country on:

a. agriculture-wetland interactions

b. climate change

c. valuation of ecoystem services

{1.6.1} KRA 1.6.i

a. A-Yes

b. A-Yes

c. A-Yes

1.6.1 Additional information:

......

1.6.2 Have all wetland management plans been based on sound scientific research, including research on potential threats to the wetlands? {1.6.2} KRA 1.6.ii

A - Yes

1.6.2 Additional information:

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STRATEGY 1.7 Integrated Water Resources Management. Ensure that policies and implementation of Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRM), applying an ecosystem-based approach, are included in the planning activities in all Contracting Parties and in their decision-making processes, particularly concerning groundwater management, catchment/river basin management, coastal and nearshore marine zone planning and climate change mitigation and/or adaptation activities.

1.7.1 Do your country's water governance and management systems treat wetlands as natural water infrastructure integral to water resource management at the scale of river basins? {1.7.2} KRA 1.7.ii	A - Yes
1.7.1 Additional information:	
1.7.2 Have Communication, Education, Participation and Awareness (CEPA) expertise and tools been incorporated into catchment/river basin planning and management (see Resolution X.19)? {1.7.3}	A - Yes
1.7.2 Additional information:	
4.7.0 Harmon and the contract of the contract	
1.7.3 Has your country established policies or guidelines for enhancing the role of wetlands in mitigating or adapting to climate change? {1.7.5} KRA 1.7.iii	B - No
1.7.3 Additional information:	
4.7.4 Lles veux country formulated plans or projects to sustain and	
1.7.4 Has your country formulated plans or projects to sustain and enhance the role of wetlands in supporting and maintaining viable farming systems? {1.7.6} KRA 1.7.v	B - No
1.7.4 Additional information:	

STRATEGY 1.8 Wetland restoration. *Identify priority wetlands and wetland systems where restoration or rehabilitation would be beneficial and yield long-term environmental, social or economic benefits, and implement the necessary measures to recover these sites and systems.*

1.8.1 Have priority sites for wetland restoration been identified? {1.8.1} KRA 1.8.i	A - Yes
1.8.1 Additional information: These priorities are incorporated in management plans of protectedar Ramsar sites, for example Kopački rit.	eas which are also

1.8.2 Have wetland restoration/rehabilitation programmes or projects been implemented? {1.8.2} KRA 1.8.i	D - Planned
1.8.2 Additional information:	
STRATEGY 1.9 Invasive alien species. Encourage Contracting Parties to develor invasive alien species that currently and/or potentially impact the ecological chespecially Ramsar Sites, and ensure mutual supportiveness between the national Global Register on Invasive Species (GRIS); develop guidance and promote proprevent, control or eradicate such species in wetland systems.	haracter of wetlands, al inventory and IUCN's
1.9.1 Does your country have a comprehensive national inventory of invasive alien species that currently or potentially impact the ecological character of wetlands? {1.9.1} KRA 1.9.i	A - Yes
1.9.1 Additional information:	
1.9.2 Have national policies or guidelines on invasive species control and management been established for wetlands? {1.9.2} KRa 1.9.iii	A - Yes
1.9.2 Additional information:	
STRATEGY 1.10 Private sector. Promote the involvement of the private sector wise use of wetlands.	in the conservation and
1.10.1 Is the private sector encouraged to apply the Ramsar wise	
use principle and guidance (Ramsar handbooks for the wise use of wetlands) in its activities and investments concerning wetlands? {1.10.1} KRA 1.10.i	C - Partly
1.10.1 Additional information:	
1.10.2 Has the private sector undertaken activities or actions for the wise use and management of:a. Ramsar Sites	a. A - Yes
b. Wetlands in general {1.10.2} KRA 1.10.ii	b. B - No
1.10.2 Additional information:	

STRATEGY 1.11: Incentive measures. Promote incentive measures that encourage the application of the wise use provisions of the Convention.

1.11.1 Have actions been taken to implement incentive measures which encourage the conservation and wise use of wetlands? {1.11.1} KRA 1.11.i

A - Yes

1.11.1 Additional information:

Agri-environmental measures which are going to be inplemented i Rural Development Program are developed as part of NIP project, also we plan to incoporate in Fishery Program compesantion for damages caused by predatory birds, there are already allocations of funds for extensive farming of carp fishponds

1.11.2 Have actions been taken to remove perverse incentive measures which discourage conservation and wise use of wetlands? {1.11.2} KRA 1.11.i

Z - Not applicable

1.11.2 Additional information:

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GOAL 2. WETLANDS OF INTERNATIONAL IMPORTANCE

Note: An optional Annex (Section 4) to this COP12 National Report Format is provided so that a Contracting Party, if it so wishes, can also provide additional information separately on each of its designated Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Sites).

REMINDER: In 'free-text' boxes please do not use double quotes ""; use single quotes '' instead.

STRATEGY 2.1 Ramsar Site designation. Apply the 'Strategic Framework and guidelines for the future development of the List of Wetlands of International Importance' (Handbook 14, 3rd edition).

2.1.1 Have a national strategy and priorities been established for the further designation of Ramsar Sites, using the Strategic Framework for the Ramsar List? {2.1.1} KRA 2.1.i	B - No
2.1.1 Additional information:	
2.1.2 How many Ramsar Site designations are planned for the next triennium (2015-2018)? {2.1.4} KRA 2.1.iii	0 sites
2.1.2 Additional information (If possible, please indicate the name(s) of the	ne Site(s) and
anticipated year of designation):	, ,
annapatas jas. a. aaa.g. anaj.	

STRATEGY 2.2 Ramsar Site information. Ensure that the Ramsar Sites Information Service . . . is available and enhanced as a tool for guiding the further designation of wetlands for the List of Wetlands of International Importance and for research and assessment, and is effectively managed by the Secretariat.

2.2.1 Are the Ramsar Sites Information Service and its tools being used in national identification of further Ramsar Sites to designate? {2.2.1} KRA 2.2.ii	B - No
2.2.1 Additional information:	

STRATEGY 2.3 Management planning - new Ramsar Sites. While recognizing that Ramsar Site designation can act as a stimulus for development of effective site management plans, generally encourage the philosophy that all new Ramsar Sites should have effective management planning in place before designation, as well as resources for implementing such management.

2.3.1 Have all sites being prepared for Ramsar designation (2.1.2 above) had adequate management planning processes established? {2.3.1} KRA 2.3.i

A - Yes

2.3.1 Additional information:	

STRATEGY 2.4 Ramsar Site ecological character. Maintain the ecological character of all designated Ramsar Sites, through planning and management.

2.4.1 How many Ramsar Sites have a management plan? {2.4.1} KRA 2.4.i	3 sites
2.4.2 For how many of the Ramsar Sites with a management plan is the plan being implemented? {2.4.2} KRA 2.4.i	3 sites
2.4.3 For how many Ramsar Sites is a management plan currently being prepared? {2.4.3} KRA 2.4.i	0 sites
2.4.1 – 2.4.3 Additional information:	

2.4.4 How many Ramsar Sites have a cross-sectoral management committee? {2.4.6} KRA 2.4.iv

1 sites

2.4.4 Additional information (If at least 1 site, please give the name and official number of the site or sites):

Lonjsko polje

2.4.5 For how many Ramsar Sites has an ecological character description been prepared? {2.4.7} KRA 2.4.v

3 sites

2.4.5 Additional information (If at least 1 site, please give the name and official number of the site or sites):

All 3 Nature parks, Lonjsko polje, Kopački rit, Vransko jezero

STRATEGY 2.5 Ramsar Site management effectiveness. Review all existing Ramsar Sites to determine the effectiveness of management arrangements, in line with the 'Strategic Framework and guidelines for the future development of the List of Wetlands of International Importance'.

2.5.1 Have any assessments of the effectiveness of Ramsar Site management been made? {2.5.1} KRA 2.5.i

C - Some sites

2.5.1 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Some sites', please indicate the year of assessment and the source of the information):

Again Nature Parks that have management plans (Lonjsko polje, Kopački rit and Vransko jezero), on the end of the year they have to evaluate their annual programs which are based on their management plans

STRATEGY 2.6 Ramsar Site status. Monitor the condition of Ramsar Sites and address negative changes in their ecological character, notify the Ramsar Secretariat of changes affecting Ramsar Sites, and apply the Montreux Record, if appropriate, and Ramsar Advisory Mission as tools to address problems.

2.6.1 Are mechanisms in place for the Administrative Authority to be informed of negative human-induced changes or likely changes in the ecological character of Ramsar Sites, pursuant to Article 3.2? {2.6.1} KRA 2.6.i

A - Yes

2.6.1 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Some sites', please summarise the mechanism or mechanisms established):

Public managing institution where exsisting have obligation to inform about the status of the site

2.6.2 Have all cases of negative human-induced change or likely change in the ecological character of Ramsar Sites been reported to the Ramsar Secretariat, pursuant to Article 3.2? {2.6.2} KRA 2.6.i

B - No

2.6.2 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Some cases', please indicate for which Ramsar Sites the Administrative Authority has made Article 3.2 reports to the Secretariat, and for which sites such reports of change or likely change have not yet been made):

.....

2.6.3 If applicable, have actions been taken to address the issues for which Ramsar Sites have been listed on the Montreux Record, including requesting a Ramsar Advisory Mission? {2.6.3} KRA 2.6.ii

A - Yes

2.6.3 Additional information (If 'Yes', please indicate the actions taken):

management practices are improved as in all water management plans nature protection mesaures are incorporeted, also in forestry and hunting plans and programs

STRATEGY 2.7 Management of other internationally important wetlands. Appropriate management and wise use achieved for those internationally important wetlands that have not yet been formally designated as Ramsar Sites but have been identified through domestic application of the Strategic Framework or an equivalent process.

2.7.1 Has the ecological character of internationally important wetlands not yet designated as Ramsar Sites been maintained? {2.7.1} KRA 2.7.i

A - Yes

2.7.1 Additional information:

All wetlands are included in Natura 2000 ecological network.

GOAL 3. INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

Note: in 'free-text' boxes please do not use double quotes "": use single quotes '' instead.

STRATEGY 3.1 Synergies and partnerships with MEAs and IGOs. Work as partners with international and regional multilateral environmental agreements (MEAs) and other intergovernmental agencies (IGOs).

participate in the National Ramsar/Wetland Committee? {3.1.2} KRAs 3.1.i & 3.1.iv	B - No
3.1.1 Additional information:	
3.1.2 Are mechanisms in place at the national level for collaboration between the Ramsar Administrative Authority and the focal points of UN and other global and regional bodies and agencies (e.g. UNEP, UNDP, WHO, FAO, UNECE, ITTO)? {3.1.3} KRA 3.1.iv	C - Partly
3.1.2 Additional information:	

STRATEGY 3.2 Regional initiatives. Support existing regional arrangements under the Convention and promote additional arrangements.

implementation of a Regional Initiative under the framework of the Convention? {3.2.1} KRA 3.2.i	A - Yes
3.2.1 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Planned', please indicate the reg the collaborating countries of each initiative): MedWet	onal initiative(s) and
3.2.2 Has your country supported or participated in the development of other regional (i.e., covering more than one country) wetland training and research centres? {3.2.2}	
3.2.2 Additional information (If 'Yes', please indicate the name(s) of the common	entre(s):

3.2.1 Have you (AA) been involved in the development and

STRATEGY 3.3 International assistance. Promote international assistance to support the conservation and wise use of wetlands, while ensuring that environmental safeguards and assessments are an

integral component of all development projects that affect wetlands, including foreign and domestic investments.

3.3.1 [For Contracting Parties with a development assistance agency only ('donor countries')]: Has the agency provided funding to support wetland conservation and management in other countries? {3.3.1} KRA 3.3.i	Z - Not applicable
3.3.1 Additional information (If 'Yes', please indicate the countries supportunity)	rted since COP11):
3.3.2 [For Contracting Parties with a development assistance agency only ('donor countries')]: Have environmental safeguards and assessments been included in development proposals proposed by the agency? {3.3.2} KRA 3.3.ii	Z - Not applicable
3.3.2 Additional information:	
3.3.3 [For Contracting Parties that have received development assistance only ('recipient countries')]: Has funding support been received from development assistance agencies specifically for in-country wetland conservation and management? {3.3.3}	Z - Not applicable
3.3.3 Additional information (If 'Yes', please indicate from which countries COP11):	s/agencies since

STRATEGY 3.4 Sharing information and expertise. Promote the sharing of expertise and information concerning the conservation and wise use of wetlands.

3.4.1 Have networks, including twinning arrangements, been established, nationally or internationally, for knowledge sharing and training for wetlands that share common features? {3.4.1}

C - Partly

3.4.1 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Partly', please indicate the networks and wetlands involved):

Project Danubeparks, transboundary biosphere reserve Mura - Drava - Danube

3.4.2 Has information about your country's wetlands and/or Ramsar Sites and their status been made public (e.g., through publications or a website)? {3.4.2} KRA 3.4.iv

A - Yes

3.4.2 Additional information:

Website of the Ministry, State Institute of Nature Protection and websites of all Public Institutions managing Ramsar sites

3.4.3 Has information about your country's wetlands and/or Ramsar Sites been transmitted to the Ramsar Secretariat for dissemination? {3.4.3} KRA 3.4.ii	A - Yes
3.4.3 Additional information:	
TRATEGY 3.5 Shared wetlands, river basins and migratory species. poperation for the management of shared wetlands and hydrological basin onitoring and management of shared wetland-dependent species.	
3.5.1 Have all transboundary wetland systems been identified? {3.5.1} KRA 3.5.i	A - Yes
3.5.1 Additional information:	
3.5.2 Is effective cooperative management in place for shared wetland systems (for example, in shared river basins and coastal zones)? {3.5.2} KRA 3.5.ii	C - Partly
3.5.2 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Partly', please indicate for which value management is in place):	wetland systems
Transboundary Biosphere Reserve Mura - Drava - Danube	
3.5.3 Does your country participate in regional networks or initiatives for wetland-dependent migratory species? {3.5.3} KRA 3.5.iii	A - Yes
3.5.3 Additional information:	

GOAL 4. IMPLEMENTATION CAPACITY

Note: in 'free-text' boxes please do not use double quotes " ": use single quotes ' ' instead.

STRATEGY 4.1 CEPA. Support, and assist in implementing at all levels, where appropriate, the Convention's Communication, Education, Participation and Awareness Programme (Resolution X.8) for promoting the conservation and wise use of wetlands through communication, education, participation and awareness (CEPA) and work towards wider awareness of the Convention's goals, mechanisms, and key findings.

4.1.1 Has an action plan (or plans) for wetland CEPA been established? {4.1.1} KRA 4.1.i

a) At the national level

b) Sub-national level

c) Catchment/basin level

d) Local/site level

a) B - No

b) B-No

c) B-No

d) B - No

(Even if no CEPA plans have been developed, if broad CEPA objectives for CEPA actions have been established, please indicate this in the Additional information section below)

4.1.1 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'In progress' to one or more of the four questions above, for each please describe the mechanism, who is responsible and identify if it has involved CEPA NFPs):

.....

4.1.2 How many centres (visitor centres, interpretation centres, education centres) have been established? {4.1.2} KRA 4.1.ii

a) at Ramsar Sites

a) 4 centres

b) at other wetlands

b) 0 centres

4.1.2 Additional information (If centres are part of national or international networks, please describe the networks):

Kopački rit and Lonjsko polje already have education centres but also in both and Vransko jezero new visitor centers are in construction through NIP (EU Natura 2000 Integration Project) project. There is also Ornithological Bird - ringing Camp taking place at the Vransko jezero. Ornithologists come here to gather data about birds and their migratory routes and to put small aluminium rings on them. Every year, about 10 ornothologists, 60 volunteers and sometimes 1000 visitirs participate in this project.

4.1.3 Does the Contracting Party:		
 a) promote stakeholder participation in decision-making on wetland planning and management 	a) A - Yes	
b) specifically involve local stakeholders in the selection of new Ramsar Sites and in Ramsar Site management?	b) B - No	
{4.1.3} KRA 4.1.iii		
4.1.3 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Partly', please provide information which stakeholders are involved):	n about the ways in	
Public participation is included in public process of the adoption of management plan and physical (spatial) plans	of the	
4.1.4 Has an assessment of national and local training needs for the implementation of the Convention been made? {4.1.4} KRAs 4.1.iv & 4.1.viii	B - No	
4.1.4 Additional information:		
4.1.5 How many opportunities for wetland site manager training have been provided since COP11? {4.1.5} KRA 4.1.iv	Number of opportunities:	
a) at Ramsar Sites	a) 20	
b) at other wetlands	b) 20	
4.1. E. Additional information (including what he had the Dance Mine Health	,	
4.1.5 Additional information (including whether the Ramsar Wise Use Ha in the training):	nabooks were usea	
This is an average number, it includes national wetlands days, training given in various projects (Danubeparks, Dinaric Arc Parks, NIP)		
4.1.6 Do you have an aparational group aparataral National		
4.1.6 Do you have an operational cross-sectoral National Ramsar/Wetlands Committee or equivalent body? {4.1.6} KRA 4.3.v	B - No	
4.1.6 Additional information (If 'Yes', indicate a) its membership; b) numbership; and c) what responsibilities the Committee has):	er of meetings since	
4.4.7 Are other communication mechanisms (smart from		
4.1.7 Are other communication mechanisms (apart from a national committee) in place to share Ramsar		
implementation guidelines and other information between the Administrative Authority and:		
a) Ramsar Site managers	a) A - Yes	
b) other MEA national focal points	b) C - Partly	
c) other ministries, departments and agencies	c) C - Partly	
{4.1.7} KRA 4.1.vi	•	
4.1.7 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Partly', please describe what med	chanisms are in	

place):

There is regular comunication between site managers and Ministry and national focal points as well as with other ministries

4.1.8 Have Ramsar-branded World Wetlands Day activities (whether on 2 February or at another time of year), either government and NGO-led or both, been carried out in the country since COP11? {4.1.8}

A - Yes

4.1.8 Additional information:

All Public institutions managing Ramsar sites and other protected areas including State Institute for Nature Protection organize activities for World Wetlands Day

4.1.9 Have campaigns, programmes, and projects (other than for World Wetlands Day-related activities) been carried out since COP11 to raise awareness of the importance of wetlands to people and wildlife and the ecosystem benefits/services provided by wetlands? {4.1.9}

B - No

4.1.9 Additional information (If these and other CEPA activities have been undertaken by other organizations, please indicate this):

.....

STRATEGY 4.2 Convention financial capacity. Provide the financial resources necessary for the Convention's governance, mechanisms and programmes to achieve the expectations of the Conference of the Contracting Parties, within the availability of existing resources and by the effective use of such resources; explore and enable options and mechanism for mobilization of new and additional resources for implementation of the Convention.

4.2.1a) Have Ramsar contributions been paid in full for 2012, 2013 and 2014? {4.2.1} KRA 4.2.i	A - Yes	
b) If 'No' in 4.2.1 a), please clarify what plan is in place to ensure payment:	future prompt	
4.2.2 Has any additional financial support been provided through voluntary contributions to non-core funded Convention activities? {4.2.2} KRA 4.2.i	B - No	
4.2.2 Additional information (If 'Yes' please state the amounts, and for which activities):		

STRATEGY 4.3 Convention bodies' effectiveness. Ensure that the Conference of the Contracting Parties, Standing Committee, Scientific and Technical Review Panel, and Secretariat are operating at a high level of efficiency and effectiveness to support the implementation of the Convention.

4.3.1 Have you (AA) used your previous Ramsar National Reports in monitoring implementation of the Convention? {4.3.1} KRA 4.3.ii	D - Planned
4.3.1 Additional information (If 'Yes', please indicate how the Reports have been used for monitoring):	

STRATEGY 4.4 Working with IOPs and others. *Maximize the benefits of working with the Convention's International Organization Partners (IOPs*) and others.*

* The IOPs are: BirdLife International, the International Water Management Institute (IWMI), IUCN (International Union for Conservation of Nature), Wetlands International, and WWF International.

4.4.1 Has your country received assistance from one or more of the Convention's IOPs in its implementation of the Convention? {4.4.1} KRA 4.4.iii	B - No		
4.4.1 Additional information (If 'Yes' please name the IOP (or IOPs) and the type of assistance received):			
4.4.0 Has years as water a provided a societar as to one or many of			
4.4.2 Has your country provided assistance to one or more of the Convention's IOPs? {4.4.2} KRA 4.4.iii	B - No		
4.4.2 Additional information (If 'Yes' please name the IOP (or IOPs) and the type of assistance provided):			