

RAMSAR CONVENTION

Ramsar National Report to COP15

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Please read the general guidance section before starting to complete the form.

Section 1: Institutional Information

Important note: The responses below will be considered by the Convention on Wetlands Secretariat as the definitive list of your focal points. All individuals listed below agree that the submitted information will be used to update the information in the Secretariat's contact database and will be published on the public website here Contacts on website.

Name of Contracting Party

The completed National Report **must be accompanied by a letter** in the name of the Head of Administrative Authority, confirming that this is the Contracting Party's official submission of its COP15 National Report. It can be attached to this question using the "Manage documents" function (blue symbol below) Link to sample National Report Submission Letter: https://www.ramsar.org/document/national-reports-cop15-sampleletter

>>> Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka

You have attached the following documents to this answer.

<u>DOC-20240208-WA0007..pdf</u> - Letter of the head of the department on submission of ramsar national report of Sri Lanka

Designated Administrative Authority for the Convention on Wetlands

Name of Administrative Authority >>> Department of Wildlife Conservation

Head of Administrative Authority - name and title >>> Mr. M.G.C. Sooriyabandara, Director Genral

Mailing address >>> The Department of Wildlife Conservation, 811/A, Jayanthipura Road, Battaramulla, Sri Lanka.

Telephone >>> Tel. - +9411-2888585 Fax- +9411-2883355

Email >>> csooriyabandara@gmail.com

Designated National Focal Point for the Convention on Wetlands

Name and title >>> Mr. Manjula Amararathna, Director (Protected Area Management)

Mailing address >>> The Department of Wildlife Conservation, 811/A, Jayanthipura Road, Battaramulla. Sri Lanka.

Telephone >>> Tel. - +9411-2888582 Fax- +9411-2883355

Email >>> manjulaamararathna@yahoo.com

Designated Scientific and Technical Review Panel (STRP) National Focal Point

Name and title >>> Mr. M.S.L.R.P. Marasinghe, Director (Operations)

Name of organisation >>> Department of Wildlife Conservation

Mailing address >>> The Department of Wildlife Conservation, 811/A, Jayanthipura Road, Battaramulla, Sri Lanka.

Telephone >>> Tel. - +9411-2888585 Fax- +9411-2883355

Email >>> ranjanm.bpm@gmail.com

Designated Government Communication, Capacity Building, Education, Participation and Awareness (CEPA)Programme National Focal Point

Name and title >>> Ms. Heshani Somarathne, Assistant Director (Natural Resources Management)

Name of organisation >>> Department of Wildlife Conservation

Mailing address >>> The Department of Wildlife Conservation, 811/A, Jayanthipura Road, Battaramulla, Sri Lanka.

Telephone >>> Tel. - +9411-2888585 Fax- +9411-2883355

Email >>> heshanidwc@gmail.com

Designated Non-Governmental Communication, Education, Participation and Awareness (CEPA) Programme National Focal Point

Name and title >>> Professor Sevvandi Jayakodi, Senior Lecturer

Name of organisation >>> Wayamba University Of Sri Lanka

Mailing address >>> Department of Aquaculture and Fisheries, Wayamba University of Sri Lanka, Makandura, Gonawaila 60170, Sri Lanka.

Telephone >>> Tel. - +9431-2299870 Fax- +9431-2299870

Email >>> sevvandij@gmail.com

Designated National Focal Point on Strengthening the Convention on Wetland's Connections through Youth

Name and title >>> Ms. W.M. Priyangani Gunathilaka, Director (Natural Resources Management)

Name of organization >>> Central Environmental Authority

Mailing address >>> Robert Gunawardena Mawatha, Battaramulla, Sri Lanka.

Phone >>> +94 718293880 Email >>> wmpg@cea.lk

Section 2: General summary of national implementation progress and challenges

In your country, in the past triennium (i.e., since COP14 reporting)

A. What have been the five main achievements of the implementation of the Convention since COP14?

1)

>>> Improve awareness on listed sites.

2)

>>> Enhances conservation research in Ramsar sites.

3)

>>> Increasing trends for public private partnership project

4)

>>> Increased community participation in conservation

5)

>>> Identification of the new wetland to be declared as Ramsar sites

B. What have been the five main challenges in implementing the Convention since COP14?

1)

>>> Increasing demands for resources in listed sites

2)

>>> impact of climate change on wetlands

3)

>>> Invasive species

4)

>>> encroachment of wetland areas and unauthorized human activities

5)

>>> difficulty in obtaining funds due to the economic crisis prevailing in the country.

C. Please outline five priorities for implementing the Convention in your country during the coming triennium (2026-2028)

1)

>>> To conduct training programs and awareness programmes to improve the capacity building of the facilitated staff and stakeholders.

2)

>>> Strengthening youth engagement in conservation of wetland

3)

>>> increase the wetland researches and study opportunities

4)

>>> Promoting wise use of wetlands

5)

>>> Introduction of new national detaermined contribution on wetland conservation.(NDC)

D. Does the Administrative Authority have any recommendations concerning implementation assistance from the Convention Secretariat? >>> Yes when ever necessary.

E. Does the Administrative Authority have any recommendations concerning implementation assistance

from the Convention's International Organization Partners (IOPs) (including ongoing partnerships and partnerships to be developed)?

>>> Yes. seeking technical assistance whenever necessary.

F. In accordance with paragraph 21 of Resolution XIII.18 on Gender and wetlands, please provide a short description about the balance between genders participating in wetland-related decisions, programmes and research.

>>> Equal or more women participation has been experienced in wetland-related community participation activities

H. Please describe lessons learnt in the context of wetlands and gender equality work in your country. >>> Equal or more contributions are provided by the females in Sri Lanka towards the conservation of wetlands.

I. If possible, please list gender-related policies, strategies and action plans in place relevant to wetlands in your country.

>>> Sustainable Development Goals

J. If applicable, identify examples of strategies and actions your country is implementing to support youth participation in the implementation of the Convention's Strategic Plan or in wetlands management (Resolution XIV.12 on Strengthening Ramsar connections through youth, paragraph 21).

>>> Provide youth, research opportunities.

Providing awareness and training programs.

Organizing competitions regarding wetlands.

K. Please list the names of the organizations which have been consulted on or have contributed to the information provided in this report.

>>> Department of Wildlife Conservation, Central Environmental Authority, National Aquatic Research and Development Agency, Sri Lanka Land Development Cooperation, Irrigation Department, National Water Supply and Drainage Board, Water Resource Board

Section 3 - all goals: Indicator questions and further implementation information

In responding to each of these questions, Contracting Parties are encouraged to provide links, references/ upload documents where applicable and relevant.

Section 3 - Goal 1. Addressing the drivers of wetland loss and degradation

In responding to each of these questions, Contracting Parties are encouraged to provide links, references/ upload documents where applicable and relevant.

[Reference to Sustainable Development Goals 1, 2, 6, 8, 11, 13, 14, 15]

Target 1

Wetland benefits are featured in national/local policy strategies and plans relating to key sectors such as water, energy, mining, agriculture, tourism, urban development, infrastructure, industry, forestry, aquaculture, fisheries at the national and local level. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Target 14]

1.1 Have any actions been taken since COP14 to integrate wetland protection, wise use and restoration, or wetland benefits, into other national strategies and planning processes, including: {1.1} *Please select only one per square.*

a) National policy or strategy for wetland management	□ Y=Not Relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
b) Poverty eradication strategies	 ☐ Y=Not Relevant ☐ X=Unknown ☐ D=Planned ☐ C=Partially ☐ B=No ☑ A=Yes
c) Water resource management and water efficiency plans	 □ Y=Not Relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
d) Coastal and marine resource management plans	□ Y=Not Relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
e) Integrated coastal zone management plan	□ Y=Not Relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
f) National forest management plan/strategies	□ Y=Not Relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
g) National policies or measures on agriculture	□ Y=Not Relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes

h) National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plans drawn up under the CBD	□ Y=Not Relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
i) National policies on energy and mining	 □ Y=Not Relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
j) National policies on tourism	□ Y=Not Relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
k) National policies on urban development	 □ Y=Not Relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
 National policies on infrastructure 	 □ Y=Not Relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
m) National policies on industry	 □ Y=Not Relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
n) National policies on aquaculture and fisheries {1.3.3}	 □ Y=Not Relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
o) National plans of actions (NPAs) for pollution control and management	 □ Y=Not Relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
p) National policies on wastewater management and water quality	 □ Y=Not Relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
q) National policies, strategies or plans on sanitation	□ Y=Not Relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
r) National policies, strategies or plans on food security	□ Y=Not Relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes

1.1 Additional information

>>> National Environmental Policy (2022), National Policy on Environment Sensitive Areas in Sri Lanka, Conservation and Sustainable Utilization of Mangrove areas in Sri Lanka, Conservation and Sustainable Utilization of Mangrove Ecosystems in Sri Lanka, Environmental Sensitive Area Policy and National Policy on Protection and Conservation of Water Resources their catchments and reservations in Sri Lanka.

Target 2

Water userespects wetland ecosystem needs for them to fulfil their functions and provide services at the appropriate scale inter alia at the basin level or along a coastal zone. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Target 7, Sustainable Development Goal 6, Indicator 6.3.1]

2.1 Have the Guidelines for allocation and management of water for maintaining the ecological functions of wetlands and the additional guidance on tools and methodologies been brought to the attention of national ministries and/or agencies at different levels of territorial organizations (Resolutions VIII.1, VIII.2)? {2.1}

2.1 Additional Information

>>> A guideline for the determination of Environmental Flows(e-flows) or Development Projects that result in the impounding of Water in Streams has been developed by the Central Environmental Authority.

2.2 Have assessments of environmental flow been undertaken in relation to mitigation of impacts on the ecological character of wetlands? $\{2.2\}$ \square C=Partially

2.3 Have the designation or management of Wetlands of International Importance ("Ramsar Sites") improved the sustainable use of water (e.g. reduced drainage, reduced use of pesticides, controlled pollution etc.) in your country?

☑ C=Partially

2.4 Have the Guidelines for allocation and management of water for maintaining ecological functions of wetlands (Resolutions VIII.1 and XII.12) been used/applied in decision-making processes? {2.3}

☑ A=Yes

2.4 Additional Information

>>> Guidelines are available for environmental flow which identify the flow regime that is needed to meet its socio-cultural and ecological needs. http://203.115.26.10/EIA/Inside%20New-converted.pdf

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer.

Guildelinfor Determination of Environmental Flows for Development Project

2.5 Have projects that promote and demonstrate good practice in water allocation and management for maintaining the ecological functions of wetlands been developed $\{2.4\}$ \square A=Yes

2.5 Additional Information

>>> Weheragala project

2.6 Does the country use constructed wetlands/ponds as wastewater treatment technology? {2.8} \square C=Partially

2.6 Additional Information

>>> In some industries constructed wetlands are used as wastewater treatment techniques. eg. Kademulla, Vavuniya,and Jaffna

Target 3

Public and private sectors have increased their efforts to apply guidelines and good practices for the wise use of water and wetlands.

[Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Targets 7, 10, 15, 16 and 18]

3.2 Has the private sector undertaken any activities or actions for the conservation, wise use, and management of (a) Ramsar Sites or (b) wetlands in general? {3.2}

Please select only one per square.

a) Ramsar Sites	□ Y=Not relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
b) Wetlands in general	□ Y=Not relevant □ X=Unknown □ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes

3.2 Additional information

>>> For the Anavilundawa Mangro restoration done by the NGO and private sector involvement.

3.3 Have actions been taken to implement incentive measures which encourage the conservation and wise use of wetlands? $\{3.3\}$ \square C=Partially

3.3 Additional information

Please specify the types of incentive measures (loans, tax breaks, or others). >>> Declared Kotte wetland and Kibulawala wetland park.

3.4 Have actions been taken to remove perverse incentive measures which lead to degradation or loss of wetlands? $\{3.4\}$

☑ A=Yes

Target 4

Invasive alien species and pathways of introduction and expansion are identified and prioritized, priority invasive alien species are controlled or eradicated, and management responses are prepared and implemented to prevent their introduction and establishment. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Target 6]

4.1 Does your country have a national inventory of invasive alien species that currently or potentially impact the ecological character of wetlands? $\{4.1\}$ \square A=Yes

4.2 Has your country adopted any national policies, strategies, or guidelines on invasive species control and management that are relevant for wetlands? $\{4.2\}$ \square A=Yes

4.3. Has your country successfully controlled through management actions invasive species of high risk to wetland ecosystems? {4.3}
 ☑ G=More than #

»» 6

4.4 Has the effectiveness of wetland invasive alien species control programmes been assessed?{4.5} \square C=Partially

Section 3 - Goal 2. Effectively conserving and managing the Ramsar Site network

In responding to each of these questions, Contracting Parties are encouraged to provide links, references/ upload documents where applicable and relevant.

[Reference to Sustainable Development Goals 6, 11, 13, 14, 15]

Target 5

The ecological character of Ramsar Sites is maintained or restored through effective planning and integrated management

[Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Targets 1, 3 and 5]

5.1 Have a national strategy and priorities been established for the further designation of Ramsar Sites,

using the Strategic Framework for the Ramsar List? $\{5.1\}$ \square C=Partially

5.1 Additional information

>>> Ramsar information sheets have been updated for some wetlands to be declared as Ramsar sites. Eg.Chundikulam National Park and Wedithalathive Nature Reserve.

5.2 How many Ramsar Sites have a management plan? {5.3}

☑ E=# Sites

»» 6

5.3 How many of the Ramsar Sites are actively implementing their management plan? $\{5.4\}$ \square E=# Sites

>>> 4

5.4 How many Ramsar Sites are implementing management actions outside of formal management plans? {5.5}

☑ E=# Sites

»» 2

5.2 – 5.4 Additional information

>>> Bundala National Park, Willpattu National Park, Kumana National Park, Anavilundawa Sanctuary, Madugaga Sanctuary, Wankalai Sanctuary.

5.5 Have all Ramsar Sites been assessed regarding the effectiveness of their management (through formal management plans where they exist or otherwise through existing actions for appropriate wetland management)? {5.6}

If "yes", please indicate the number of Ramsar Sites If "partially", please indicate the number of Ramsar Sites If "planned", please indicate the number of Ramsar Sites I A=Yes

>>> Yes

5.5 Additional information

Please provide the source links or upload the source documents here indicating the assessment tool used (e.g. Ramsar Site Management Effectiveness Tracking Tool (METT), Resolution XII.15), and the source of the information. >>> 4 Ramsar sites.

5.6 How many Ramsar Sites have a cross-sectoral management committee? {5.7} \square E=# Sites

»» 3

5.6 Additional information

>>> Three Ramsar sites. Bundala National Park, Wilpattu and Anavilundawa Sanctuary

5.7 For how many Ramsar Sites has an ecological character description been prepared (see Resolution X.15)?

☑ E=# Sites

>>> 4

5.7 Additional information

For example give the name and official number of the Site or Sites. >>> Bundala National Park, Wilpattu, Wankalai Sanctuary and Anavilundawa Sanctuary

5.8 Resolution VI.13 urges Parties to give priority to providing the Secretariat with maps and completed Ramsar Information Sheets (RIS) for all Sites designated for the Ramsar List, and to revise this data at least every six years. If your country has not updated its RIS as required, describe the challenges in updating RIS, particularly descriptions of ecological character.

>>> Bundala National Park, Anavilundawa Santure, RIS completed and, Wankalai Santure is ongoing.
 Challenges : 1. Unavailability of scientific data and information
 No trained experts

3. funds are not available

4. Economic crisis

Target 7

Sites that are at risk of change of ecological character have threats addressed {2.6.}. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Targets 3, 4 and 10]

7.1 Are mechanisms in place for the Administrative Authority to be informed of negative human-induced changes or likely changes in the ecological character of Ramsar Sites, pursuant to Article 3.2? $\{7.1\}$ \square A=Yes

7.1 Additional information

If "Yes", please provide the source links or upload the source documents here describing the mechanisms established >>> Park Worden and the Assistant Director in the region investigate the illegal human activities.

7.2 Have all cases of negative human-induced change or likely change in the ecological character of Ramsar Sites been reported to the Ramsar Secretariat, pursuant to Article 3.2? $\{7.2\}$ \square B=No

Section 3 - Goal 3. Wisely Using All Wetlands

In responding to each of these questions, Contracting Parties are encouraged to provide links, references/ upload documents where applicable and relevant. [Reference to Sustainable Development Goals 1, 2, 5, 6, 8, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15]

Target 8

National wetland inventories have been either initiated, completed or updated and disseminated and used for promoting the conservation and effective management of all wetlands [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Targets 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 21]

8.1 Does your country have a National Wetland Inventory (NWI)? {8.1} $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ A=Yes

8.1 Additional information

For example, if "in progress" or "planned", by when will it be completed?

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer.

<u> http://</u>

Wetland inventry

8.2 If your country has an NWI, has it been updated in the last decade [2014-2024]? {8.2} \square C=In Progress

8.3 How often is the NWI updated? \square B=Irregularly \ge 7 years

8.4 Is wetland inventory data and information publicly available? {8.4} $\ensuremath{\square}$ A=Yes

8.4 Additional information

For example if "partially" or "planned" by when will the data/information be made public? >>> Some of the wetland data are available on the DWC official website.

8.5 Please explain how the NWI data/information is maintained if at all? {8.3} >>> Relevant authorities and Field Officers of the Department of Wildlife Conservation collect and share the information.

Some of the researchers, NGOs collect data and share the information with relevant Authorities.

8.6 Based on the information in NWI, if available, please provide the total area in square kilometres (km2) for the extent of wetlands (according to the Convention on Wetland's definition) for the year of available data and provide the relevant disaggregated information in the box below. This information will also be used to report on SDG 6, Target 6.6, Indicator 6.6.1, for which the Convention is a co-custodian. $\{8.6\}$ \square E=# km2

8.6 According to the Convention's definition and classification of wetlands, the disaggregated information on wetland extent is as follows

Note: The minimum information that should be provided is the total area of wetlands for each of the three major categories; "marine/coastal", "inland" and "human-made". If the data on inventories are partial or not complete, use the available information to fill in the form, specifying if it is

partial or not complete.

Guidance on information on national wetland extent can be consulted at: https://www.ramsar.org/document/guidanceon-information-on-national-wetland-extent.

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer.

http://

Wetland inventry

8.6 Marine/Coastal Wetlands

	Square kilometers (km2)
A Permanent shallow marine waters	
B Marine subtidal aquatic beds	
C Coral reefs	
D Rocky marine shores	
E Sand, shingle or pebble shores	
F Estuarine waters	
G Intertidal mud, sand or salt flats	
Ga Bivalve (shellfish) reefs	
H Intertidal marshes	
l Intertidal forested wetlands	
J Coastal brackish/saline lagoons	
K Coastal freshwater lagoons	
Zk(a) - Karst and other subterranean hydrological systems	

8.7 How has the ecological character of wetlands in your country, overall, changed since COP14 ? {8.5}

Ecological character is the combination of the ecosystem components, processes and benefits/services that characterize the wetland at a given point in time. Please select only one per square.

a) Ramsar Sites	 □ P=Status improved ☑ O=No change □ N=Status deteriorated
b) All wetlands in your country	 □ P=Status improved ☑ O=No change □ N=Status deteriorated

8.8 On a scale of **1-5** rate the change in the ecological character of wetlands in your country, overall, since

last COP Please select only one per square.

a) Marine/coastal	 □ 5=major improvement □ 4=improvement □ 3=no change ☑ 2=deterioration □ 1=major deterioration
b) Inland	□ 5=major improvement □ 4=improvement □ 3=no change □ 2=deterioration □ 1=major deterioration
c) Human-made	 □ 5=major improvement ☑ 4=improvement □ 3=no change □ 2=deterioration □ 1=major deterioration

8.9 What are your main needs in developing or updating an NWI to suport SDG Indicator 6.6.1 reporting for tracking global wetland status and trends? Please select below. {8.7}

	Ye s
a) Access to data and data acquisition standards	5
b) Wetland delineation methods and approaches	
c) Habitat classifications	2
d) Standardization in data interpretation methods	5
e) Regulatory framework and governance structure	
f) Resources	V
g) Relevant skills	V
h) Data collection and mapping	
i) Collaboration	
j) Others	

8.9 Additional Information

e.g explain others as referred to in (j)

>>> 1. Lack of real-time data

- 2. Lack of knowledge about remote sensing and GIS
- 3. Unavailability of study centers for wetlands and research opportunities.

8.10 Please select from the list below the main needs of your country in using NWI results to implement COP mandates, e.g. conservation and wise use of all wetlands (Resolutions X.2, XIII.12, XIII.13, XIII.14, XIII.16, XIV.17 and Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs)) to achieve sustainable development.

	Ye s
a) Resources	2
b) Relevant skills	7

c) Data systems and management	
d) Application of NWI information for decision making (climate, biodiversity and sectoral planning/reporting)	
e) Regulatory framework and governance structure	
f) Data interpretation and communication	
g) Collaboration	2
h) Others	

8.10 Additional Information

>>> 1. Lack of Financial support.

2. Enhance the international collaboration mechanism

Target 9

The wise use of wetlands is strengthened through integrated resource management at the appropriate scale, inter alia, within a river basin or along a coastal zone {1.3.}. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Targets 1, 9, 10 and 15].

9.1 Is a national wetland policy (or equivalent instrument) that promotes the wise use of wetlands in place? $\{9.1\}$

☑ A=Yes

9.1 Additional information

>>> National Wetland Policy and Strategy emphasize the wise use of wetlands. https://www.env.gov.lk/web/images/downloads/policies/national_policy_on_wetlands.pdf

9.2 Additional information >>> ESA policy publication. (Draft)

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer.

ESA Policy publication (draft)

9.3 Additional information

>>> Integrated watershed and water Resources Management project.

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer.

Integrated watershed and water Resources Management project.

9.4 Have communication, capacity building, education, participation and awareness (CEPA) expertise and tools been incorporated into catchment/river basin planning and management (see Resolution X.19)? {9.4}

☑ A=Yes

9.4 Additional information

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer. SRI LANKA: Integrated Watershed & Water Resources Management Project

9.5 Additional information

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer.

9.6 Additional Information

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer. SRI LANKA UPDATED NATIONALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

9.9 Has your country made efforts to conserve and wisely use urban and peri-urban wetlands in line with Resolutions XI.11 and XIV.10? {9.8} Z A=Yes

Target 10

The traditional knowledge innovations and practices of indigenous peoples and local communities relevant for the wise use of wetlands and their customary use of wetland resources, are documented, respected, subject to national legislation and relevant international obligations and fully integrated and reflected in the implementation of the Convention with a full and effective participation of indigenous and local communities at all relevant levels.

[Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Target 22]

10.1 Do you have national legislation or equivalent on indigenous and local communities at all relevant levels in wetland management, and/or Site management? \square B=No

10.2 If the answer to question 10.1 is "yes", have the guiding principles for considering the cultural values of wetlands including traditional knowledge for the effective management of Sites (Resolution VIII.19) been used?

☑ D=Planned

10.4 Have the guidelines for establishing and strengthening local communities' and indigenous people's participation in the management of wetlands been applied? (Resolution VII. 8) {10.2} \Box C=In preparation

10.4 Additional information

If "yes" please list national legislation/policies and actions that consider the needs and participation of indigenous and local communities in wetland management at all relevant levels.

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer.

National Action Plan for Agrobiodiverityy

10.5 Have traditional knowledge and management practices relevant to the wise use of wetlands been documented and their application encouraged $\{10.3\}$ \square A=Yes

10.5 Additional information

>>> Agrobiodiversity Programme (case study of Giribawa cascade system, Ududumbara Nakales tares,Kaluthara - Owita system, Darwin project, Allanga project e by the IUCN,NARA,and Department of Ayurveda

Target 11

Wetland functions, services and benefits are widely demonstrated, documented and disseminated. {1.4.} [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Targets 11, 12 and 13]

11.1 Has an assessment been made of the ecosystem benefits/services provided by Ramsar Sites and other wetlands? $\{11.1\}$ \square C1=Partially

11.1 Additional information

If "yes" or "partially", please indicate how many Ramsar Sites and their names >>> 01. Bundala National Park (periodic review t is done by the UNESCO)

11.2 Since COP14, have wetland programmes or projects that contribute to food and water security and hence poverty alleviation been implemented? {11.2} \Box A=Yes

11.2 Additional information >>> Healthy Landscape project by GEF

11.3 Additional Information>>> 1. Darwin project - Cobra Collective Fund2. Healthy Landscape project - GEF

11.4 Have socio-economic values of wetlands been included in the management planning for Ramsar Sites and other wetlands? {11.3}

11.4 Additional information

If "yes" or "partially", please indicate, if known, how many Ramsar Sites and their names >>> 1.Wilpattu National Park 2.Bundala National Park 3.Anawilundawa Santure 4. Wankalai Santure

11.5 Have cultural values of wetlands been included in the management planning for Ramsar Sites and other wetlands in general? $\{11.4\}$ \square A=Yes

11.5 Additional information>>> 1.Wilpattu National Park2.Bundala National Park3.Anawilundawa Santure4. Wankalai Santure

Target 12

Restoration is in progress in degraded wetlands, with priority to wetlands that are relevant for biodiversity conservation, disaster risk reduction, livelihoods and/or climate change mitigation and adaptation. [Reference Global Biodiversity Framework Targets 2, 8 and 11]

12.1 Have national wetland restoration targets been established? $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ A=Yes

12.1 Additional Information

>>> Total degraded area where mangroves were present earlier.

12.2 Have priority sites for wetland restoration been identified? {12.1} $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ A=Yes

12.2 Additional information

If "yes", please provide a list of sites, specifying wetland types >>> Removal of invasive alien species has been identified as restoration activity in some environmental protection areas. (EPA) having wetland ecosystems: Gregory Lake,EPA.Bolgoda River EPA, Thalangama EPA, Walawewatte Wathurana EPA, Warathenna-Hakhinda EPA, Muthurajawela EPA and Mangroves restoration in Maduganga and Anawilundawa by Department of Wildlife.

12.3 Since COP14 have wetland restoration/rehabilitation programmes, plans or projects been implemented? $\{12.2\}$ \square A=Yes

12.3 If applicable provide information on the extent of restored wetland area and types since last COP, in square kilometres

	Restoration planned m2 or km2	Under restoration	Total Restored
Marine/Coastal			

Inland	50.5	158	15.8
Human-made			

12.4 Have the Guidelines for Global Action on Peatlands (Resolution VIII.1) and Resolution XII.11 on Peatlands, climate change and wise use: Implications for the Ramsar Convention been implemented? {12.3}

☑ Y=Not relevant

Target 13

Enhanced sustainability of key sectors such as water, energy, mining, agriculture, tourism, urban development, infrastructure, industry, forestry, aquaculture and fisheries when they affect wetlands, contributing to biodiversity conservation and human livelihoods. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Targets 10 and 14]

13.1 Have actions been taken to enhance sustainability of wetlands when they are affected by key sectors including

Please select only one per square.

a) Energy	□ D=Planned □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
b) Mining	□ D=Planned □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
c) Agriculture	□ D=Planned □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
d) Tourism	□ D=Planned □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
e) Urban development	□ D=Planned □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
f) Infrastructure	□ D=Planned □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
g) Industry	□ D=Planned □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
h) Forestry	□ D=Planned □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
i) Aquaculture	□ D=Planned □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
j) Fisheries	□ D=Planned □ B=No ☑ A=Yes

13.1 Additional Information

>>> National Wetland Policy and Strategy, Fauna and Flore Protection Ordinance 1937.

13.2 Are Strategic Environmental Assessment practices applied when reviewing policies, programmes and plans that may impact wetlands? {13.1} \square A=Yes

13.2 Additional information

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer.

: Integrated Strategic Environmental Assessment

13.3 Is there a legal requirement in your country to conduct environmental impact assessments for development projects (such as new buildings, new roads, extractive industry) from key sectors (e.g., water, energy, mining and agriculture) that may impact wetlands? {13.2}

13.3 Additional information

>>> Conducting an EIA for prescribed development projects is a legal requirement under the provisions of National Environmental Act, Fauna and Flora Protection Ordinance, Coast Conservation Act, and Northwestern Provincial Environmental Statute.

Section 3 - Goal 4. Enhancing implementation

In responding to each of these questions, Contracting Parties are encouraged to provide links, references/ upload documents where applicable and relevant.

[Reference to Sustainable Development Goals 1, 2, 6, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 17]

Target 15

Ramsar Regional Initiatives with the active involvement and support of the Parties in each region are reinforced and developed into effective tools to assist in the full implementation of the Convention.

15.1 Has your country been part of the development and implementation of a Ramsar Regional Initiative?? {15.1}

☑ D=Planned

15.2 Has your country supported or participated in the development of other regional (i.e., covering more than one country) wetland training and research centres? $\{15.2\}$ \square B=No

Target 16

Wetlands conservation and wise use are mainstreamed through communication, capacity development, education, participation and awareness.

[Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Target 21].

16.1 Has an action plan (or plans) for wetland CEPA been established? {16.1}

Even if no CEPA plans have been developed, if broad CEPA objectives for CEPA actions have been established, please indicate this in the Additional information section below *Please select only one per square.*

a) At the national level	□ D=Planned □ C=In Progress ☑ B=No □ A=Yes
b) Sub-national level	□ D=Planned □ C=In Progress ☑ B=No □ A=Yes
c) Catchment/basin level	□ D=Planned □ C=In Progress □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
d) Local/site level	□ D=Planned □ C=In Progress □ B=No ☑ A=Yes

16.1 Additional information

If "yes" or "in progress" to one or more of the four categories above >>> Diyasaru new letter and CEPA action plan

16.2 How many centres (visitor centres, interpretation centres, education centres) that focus on wetlands have been established? {16.2}a) at Ramsar Sites

☑ E=# centres

>>> 02

»» 03

16.2 Additional information>>> Ramsar sites: Bundala National Park, Wilpattu National ParkOther sits : Beddegana Wetlend , Diyasaru Uyana Wetland , Thalangama wetland

16.3 Does the Contracting Party {16.3} *Please select only one per square.*

a) ensure stakeholder participation in decision- making on wetland planning and management	□ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
b) specifically involve local stakeholders in the selection of new Ramsar Sites and in Ramsar Site management?	□ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes

16.4 Do you have an operational cross-sectoral national Ramsar/wetlands committee? {16.4} $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ A=Yes

16.4 Additional information

>>> Chaired by the Ministry of Environmental

16.5 Do you have an operational cross-sectoral body equivalent to a national Ramsar/wetlands committee? {16.5}

☑ B=No

16.6 Are other communication mechanisms (apart from a national committee) in place to share the Convention's implementation guidelines and other information between the Administrative Authority and: {16.6}

Please select only one per square.

a) Ramsar Site managers	□ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
b) other MEA national focal points	□ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes
c) other ministries, departments and agencies	□ D=Planned □ C=Partially □ B=No ☑ A=Yes

16.7 Has your country organized any Convention on Wetlands-branded World Wetlands Day events, whether led by government or NGOs, since COP14? $\{16.7\}$ \square A=Yes

16.7 Additional information

>>> Since 2009, DWC conducting world wetland days in different Ramsar wetland areas collaborating with the Central Environment Authority.

16.8 Did your country undertake any campaigns, programmes or projects to raise awareness about the importance of wetlands to people and wildlife during the World Wetlands Days since COP14? {16.8} \Box A=Yes

16.8 Additional information

>>> Since 2009, the Department of Wildlife Conservation has conducted 09 World Wetland Day National Event

jointly with the Central Environmental Authority.

16.9 Has information about your country's wetlands and/or Ramsar Sites and their status been made public (e.g., through publications or a website)? $\{18.5\}$ \square A=Yes

16.9 Additional Information

>>> Annually Department of Wildlife Conservation publishes the "Wildlanka" magazine including research articles, "Wetland Newsletter" and Central Environmental Authority Publish the "Wetlands Sri Lanka Magazine."

Target 17

Financial and other resources for effectively implementing the Convention's fourth Strategic Plan 2016 – 2024 from all sources are made available.

[Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Target 19]

17.1 [For Contracting Parties with a development assistance agency ("donor countries")] Since COP14, has the agency provided funding to support wetland conservation and management efforts in other countries? {17.3}

☑ B=No

17.2 [For Contracting Parties with a development assistance agency ("donor countries")] Have environmental safeguards and assessments been included in development proposals proposed the development of projects by the agency? {17.4} \Box A=Yes

17.2 Additional information

>>> Funds are allocated by the Annual Action plane.

17.3 [For Contracting Parties that have received development assistance since COP14] Has your country received financial support specifically for national wetland conservation and management: {17.5} *Please select only one per square.*

a) from development	□ Z=Not applicable
assistance agencies of	☑ B=No
another country?	□ A=Yes
b) from non-national or	□ Z=Not applicable
multilateral development	□ B=No
assistance agencies?	☑ A=Yes

17.3 Additional information

for example from which countries or agencies

>>> GEF small grant projects in Wankalai Ramsar site.

17.4 Has any financial support from the national budget been provided by your country to facilitate the implementation of the Convention on Wetlands? $\{17.6\}$ \square A=Yes

Target 18

International cooperation is strengthened at all levels

18.1 Are the national focal points of other MEAs invited to participate in the national Ramsar /wetland committee? $\{18.1\}$

18.2 Are mechanisms in place at the national level for collaboration between the Convention on Wetland's Administrative Authority and the focal points of UN and other global and regional bodies and agencies (e.g. UNEP, UNDP, WHO, FAO, UNECE, ITTO)? {18.2} \Box C=Partially

18.3 Has your country received assistance from any of the following UN or other global and regional bodies and agencies in implementing the Convention on Wetlands since COP14? {18.3}

a) UNEP	\checkmark
b) FAO	\checkmark
c) UNECE	
d) UNFCCC	\square
e) Global Environment Facility	2
f) UNDP	
g) UNESCO	
h) World Health Organization	
i) World Meteorological Organization	
j) ITTO	
k) The Convention's IOPs	

18.3 Additional information

For example describe the support and indicate the amount of funding. >>> Birdlife International, International Water Management Institute, IUCN, Wetland International, WWF and WWT

18.4 Has your country established international network(s), such as twinning arrangements, to facilitate knowledge sharing and training related to wetlands that share common features? {18.4} \square A=Yes

18.4 Additional information

>>> Ramsar Regional Centre - East Asia (RRC-EA)

18.5 Have all transboundary wetland systems been identified? {18.6} $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ A=Yes

18.5 Additional information

>>> Between Sri Lanka and India, Adams Bridge Park National Park. (Sri lanka)Kanya Kumari Natinal Park (India)

18.6 Additional information

>>> Mahaweli River basis is cooperatively managed by various government agencies.

18.7 Does your country participate in regional networks or initiatives for wetland-dependent migratory species? {18.8}

☑ A=Yes

18.7 Additional information

If "yes", please list which regional networks or initiatives $\ensuremath{\text{>>>}}$ CMS - Convention on Migratory Species

Target 19

Capacity building for implementation of the Convention and its 4th Strategic Plan 2016 – 2024 is enhanced.

[Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Target 20]

19.1 Has your country conducted any national needs assessment since COP14 to inform capacity building planning to implement the Convention's Strategic Plan? {19.1}

☑ D=Planned

19.2 Does your country or institution implement capacity development strategies or actions for the Convention's Strategic Plan? \square A=Yes

19.2 Additional Information

>>> Providing opportunities for training Nationally and internationally.

19.3 Are wetland conservation and wise-use issues included in formal education programmes (Resolution XIV.11)? {19.2} \Box A=Yes

19.4 How many training events for wetland site managers have occurred since COP14? {19.3}a) at Ramsar Sites☑ G=More than #

»» 6

b) at other wetlands \square G=More than #

»» 5

19.5 Have you (AA) used your previous National Reports in monitoring implementation of the Convention? $\{19.4\}$

☑ A=Yes

Section 4. Optional annex to allow any Contracting Party that has developed national targets to provide information on those

Goal 1

Target 1: Wetland benefits

Wetland benefits are featured in national/ local policy strategies and plans relating to key sectors such as water, energy, mining, agriculture, tourism, urban development, infrastructure, industry, forestry, aquaculture, fisheries at the national and local level. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Target 14]

Target 1: Wetland benefits - Priority

☑ A=High

Target 1: Wetland benefits - Resourcing \square A=Good

Target 1: Wetland benefits - National Targets >>> Wise use of wetlands

Target 1: Wetland benefits - Planned activity >>> Conducting awareness programmes Providing financial and technical support

Target 2: Water Use

Water use respects wetland ecosystem needs for them to fulfil their functions and provide services at the appropriate scale inter alia at the basin level or along a coastal zone. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Target 7, Sustainable Development Goal 6, Indicator 6.3.1]

Target 2: Water Use - Priority

☑ A=High

Target 2: Water Use - Resourcing ☑ B=Adequate

Target 2: Water Use - National Targets >>> Upper Catchment Watershed Management Project

Target 2: Water Use - Planned activity >>> Conservation of river basins and catchments by, community participation Conservation of the eco systems

Target 3: Public and private sectors

Public and private sectors have increased their efforts to apply guidelines and good practices for the wise use of water and wetlands. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Targets 7, 10, 15, 16 and 18]

Target 3: Public and private sectors - Priority

☑ A=High

Target 3: Public and private sectors - Resourcing \square B=Adequate

Target 3: Public and private sectors - National Targets >>> Private Public Partnership programmes conducted by targetting wetland conservation by 2024

Target 3: Public and private sectors - Planned activity >>> Identification of wetlands to be conserved Conducting community ooutreach projects

Target 4: Invasive alien species

Invasive alien species and pathways of introduction and expansion are identified and prioritized, priority invasive alien species are controlled or eradicated, and management responses are prepared and implemented to prevent their introduction and establishment. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Target 6]

Target 4: Invasive alien species - Priority

☑ A=High

Target 4: Invasive alien species - Resourcing \square B=Adequate

Target 4: Invasive alien species - National Targets >>> By 2024, removal of invasive alien species in main Ramsar sites

Target 4: Invasive alien species - Planned activity >>> Removal of alien Invasive species Restoration of the degraded environment

Goal 2

Target 5: Ecological character of Ramsar Sites

The ecological character of Ramsar Sites is maintained or restored through effective, planning and integrated management. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Targets 3, 4 and 5]

Target 5: Ecological character of Ramsar Sites - Priority

☑ A=High

Target 5: Ecological character of Ramsar Sites - Resourcing $\ensuremath{\square}$ B=Adequate

Target 5: Ecological character of Ramsar Sites - National Targets >>> NBS AP, Ramsar management plan

Target 7: Sites at risk

Sites that are at risk of change of ecological character have threats addressed. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Targets 3, 4, and 10]

Target 7: Sites at risk - Priority

☑ B=Medium

Target 7: Sites at risk - Resourcing \square B=Adequate

Target 7: Sites at risk - National Targets >>> Identification of wetlands which have the highest threats

Target 7: Sites at risk - Planned activity >>> Conducting ecological surveys Identification by GIS and remote sensing Technology

Goal 3

Target 8: National wetland inventories

National wetland inventories have been either initiated, completed or updated and disseminated and used for promoting the conservation and effective management of all wetlands. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Targets 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 21]

Target 8: National wetland inventories - Priority

☑ A=High

Target 8: National wetland inventories - Resourcing $\ensuremath{\square}$ C=Limiting

Target 9: Wise Use

The wise use of wetlands is strengthened through integrated resource management at the appropriate scale, inter alia, within a river basin or along a coastal zone. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Targets 1, 9, 10 and 15]

Target 9: Wise Use - Priority

☑ B=Medium

Target 9: Wise Use - Resourcing \square C=Limiting

Target 10: Traditional Knowledge

The traditional knowledge innovations and practices of indigenous peoples and local communities relevant for the wise use of wetlands and their customary use of wetland resources, are documented, respected, subject to national legislation and relevant international obligations and fully integrated and reflected in the implementation of the Convention with a full and effective participation of indigenous and local communities at all relevant levels. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Target 22]

Target 10: Traditional Knowledge - Priority

☑ B=Medium

Target 10: Traditional Knowledge - Resourcing \square C=Limiting

Target 11: Wetland functions

Wetland functions, services and benefits are widely demonstrated, documented and disseminated. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Targets 2, 12 and 13]

Target 11: Wetland functions - Priority

☑ C=Low

Target 11: Wetland functions - Resourcing \square C=Limiting

Target 12: Restoration

Restoration is in progress in degraded wetlands, with priority to wetlands that are relevant for biodiversity conservation, disaster risk reduction, livelihoods and/or climate change mitigation and adaptation. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Targets 2, 8, and 11]

Target 12: Restoration - Priority

 \square B=Medium

Target 12: Restoration - Resourcing \square C=Limiting

Target 12: Restoration - Additional Information >>> Colombo wetland ,Madugaga, Anawilundawa

Target 13: Enhanced sustainability

Enhanced sustainability of key sectors such as water, energy, mining, agriculture, tourism, urban development, infrastructure, industry, forestry, aquaculture and fisheries when they affect wetlands, contributing to biodiversity conservation and human livelihoods. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Targets 10, 14 and 15]

Target 13: Enhanced sustainability - Priority

☑ B=Medium

Target 13: Enhanced sustainability - Resourcing $\ensuremath{\square}$ C=Limiting

Goal 4

Target 15: Regional Initiatives

Ramsar Regional Initiatives with the active involvement and support of the Parties in each region are reinforced and developed into effective tools to assist in the full implementation of the Convention.

Target 15: Regional Initiatives - Priority

☑ C=Low

Target 15: Regional Initiatives - Resourcing \square C=Limiting

Target 16: Wetlands conservation and wise use

Wetlands conservation and wise use are mainstreamed through communication, capacity development, education, participation and awareness. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Target 21]

Target 16: Wetlands conservation and wise use - Priority

☑ A=High

Target 16: Wetlands conservation and wise use - Resourcing $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ A=Good

Target 18: International cooperation International cooperation is strengthened at all levels.

Target 18: International cooperation - Priority

☑ A=High

Target 18: International cooperation - Resourcing ☑ C=Limiting

Target 19: Capacity Building

Capacity building for implementation of the Convention and its 4th Strategic Plan 2016 – 2024 is enhanced. [Reference to Global Biodiversity Framework Target 20]

Target 19: Capacity Building - Priority

☑ B=Medium

Target 19: Capacity Building - Resourcing \square C=Limiting

Target 19: Capacity Building - National Targets >>> CEA wetland policy

Target 19: Capacity Building - Planned activity >>> CEA wetland policy